

Simcenter Femap v.2021.2 Introduction to **Body Mesher Technology** Webinar

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CEO of FEMComp Engineering AB

SIEMENS

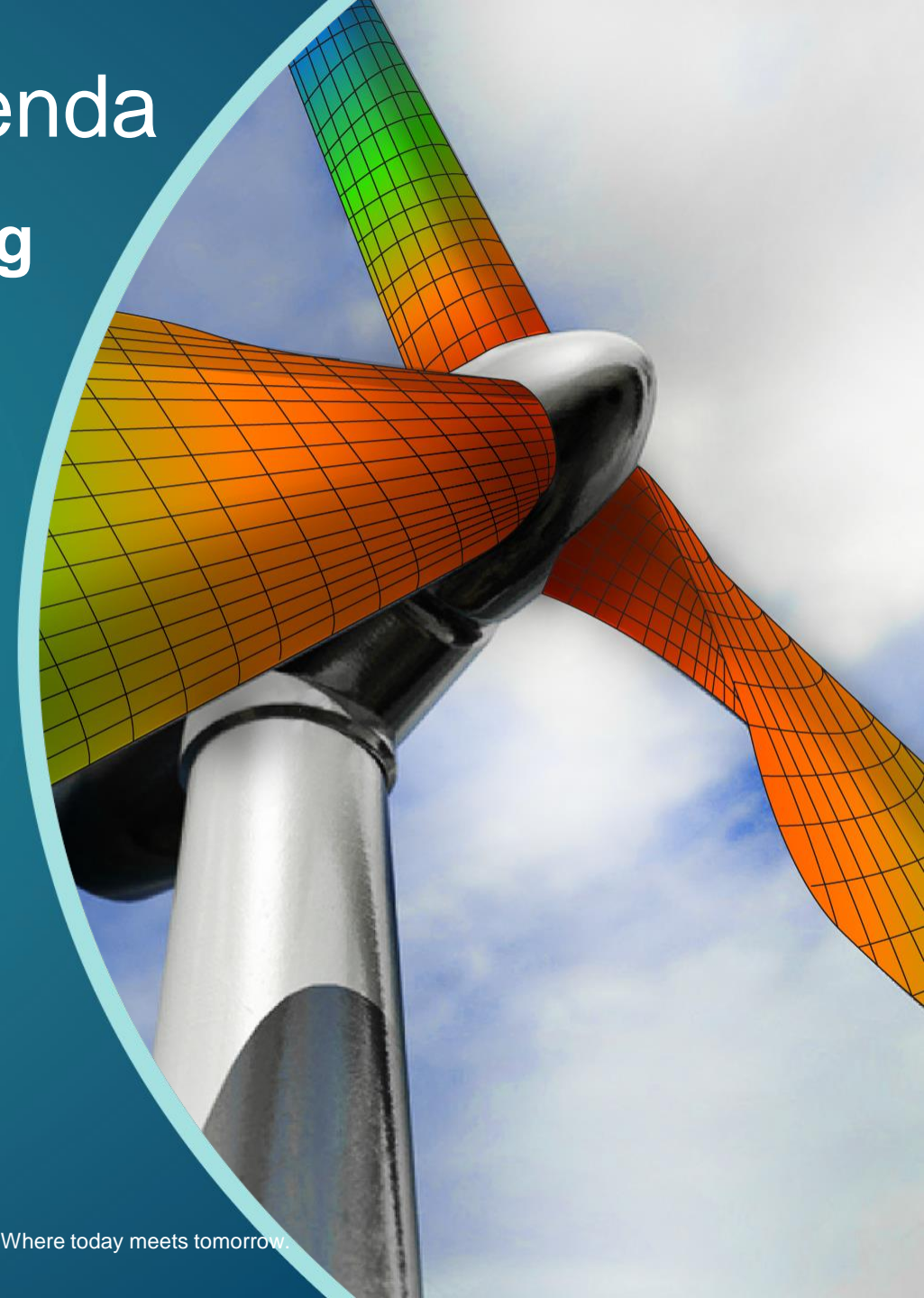
Body Mesher Technology - Agenda

Faceted Geometry/Convergent Modeling

- Overview
- Import/Export and Identification
- Facet Body Operations

Body Mesher Technology

- Why Body Mesher?
- Traditional vs. Body Meshing Workflow
- Mesh, Bodies command
- Body Meshing Suggested Workflow
- Body Meshing Benefits
- Powerful Transition Meshing
- Mesh, Mesh on Mesh command



Faceted Geometry/Convergent Modeling Overview

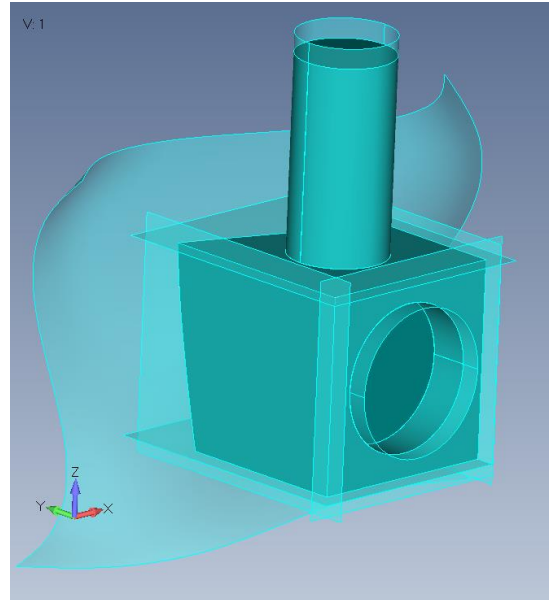
Femap v2021.2 adds support for Parasolid **Convergent Modeling**

- **Convergent Modeling** works with facets, surfaces, and solids without any conversion
- This means you can import **STL**-file or **scanned** data to Femap as a **convergent body** then use traditional modeling commands
- You can then **create geometry** on or around the facet
- Faceted or Convergent Modeling **extends** Parasolid, and hence Femap's surface and solid modeling to include models where the underlying geometry is comprised of **triangular facets**

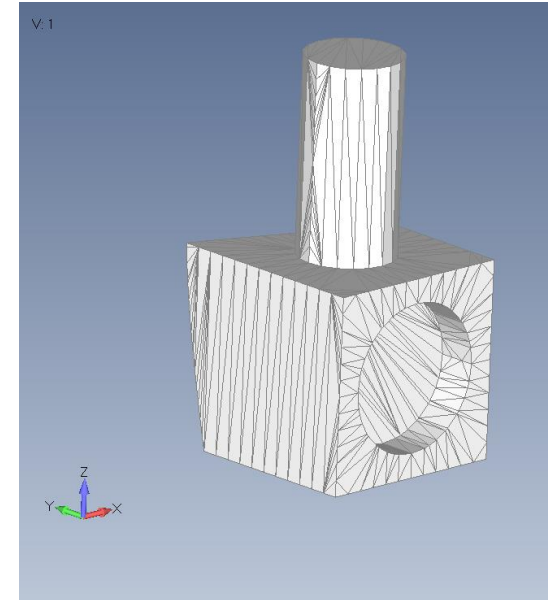
Faceted Geometry/Convergent Modeling Overview

Faceted or Convergent Modeling extends Parasolid, and hence Femap's surface and solid modeling to include models where the underlying geometry is comprised of **triangular facets**

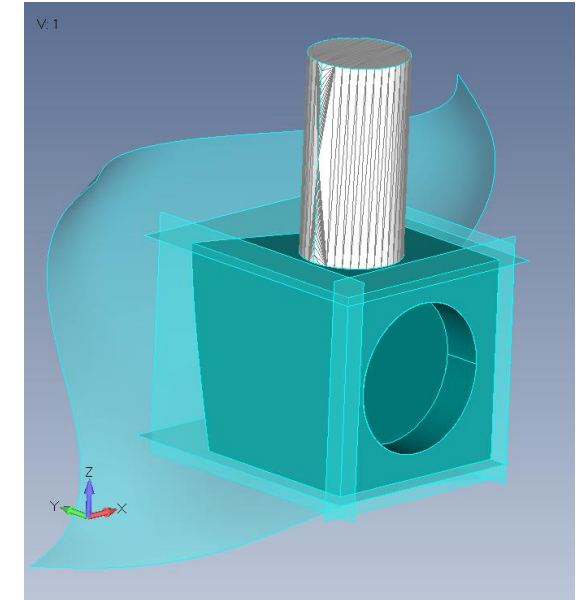
Note: Femap doesn't support the **creation** of convergent models, it **does** support **import/export, editing and meshing**



Traditional Parasolid B-REP, faces of the solid are defined by underlying analytic and/or NURBS surfaces



In Convergent Modeling, the underlying surfaces are made up of triangular facets



Convergent Models can contain a mixture of traditional and faceted faces

Faceted Geometry/Convergent Modeling

Import/Export and Identification

Import/Export

Text-Based Parasolid Files

.x_t – contains topology

.m_t – contains the facets

Binary

.x_b – file includes both

Identification

Model Info Tree

-  9..Vert Cyl Front
-  10..Vert Cyl Back
-  11..Bot Underlying Cylinder
-  12..Top Underlying Cylinder
-  17..Facetted Cylinder
-  18..Lower Body

Listings

Type: Solid

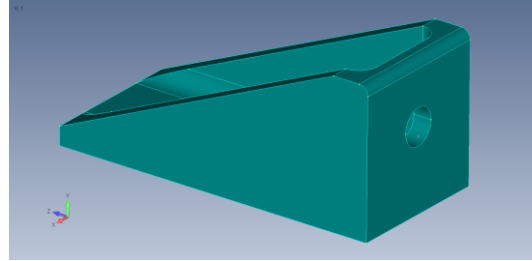
Type: Solid Partial Mesh

Type: Solid Full Mesh

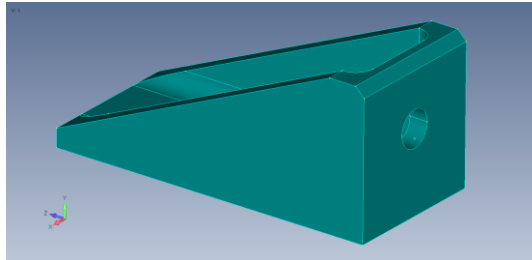
Faceted Geometry/Convergent Modeling

Facet Body Operations

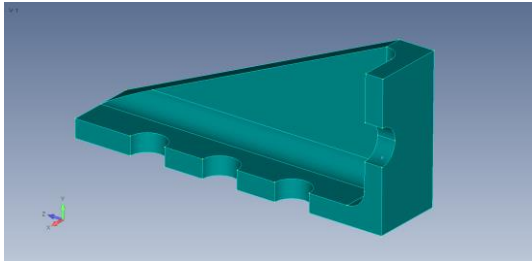
Blend/Fillet



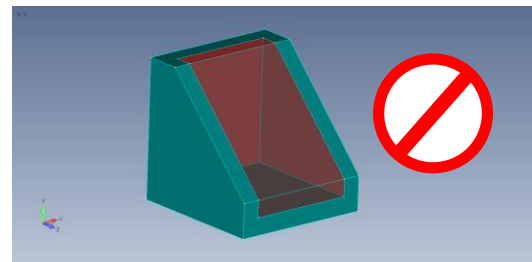
Chamfer



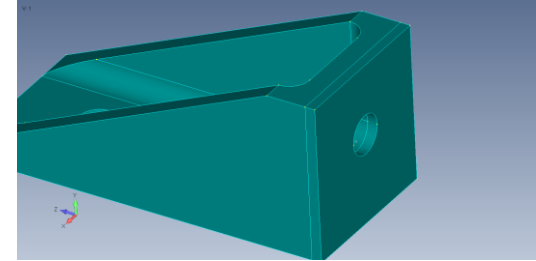
Slice



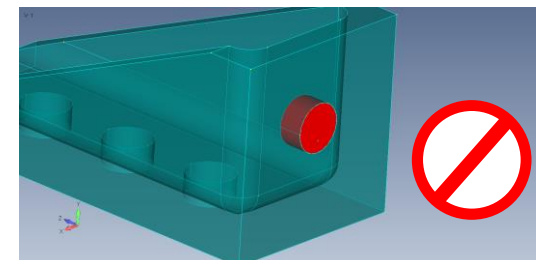
Hollow/Shell



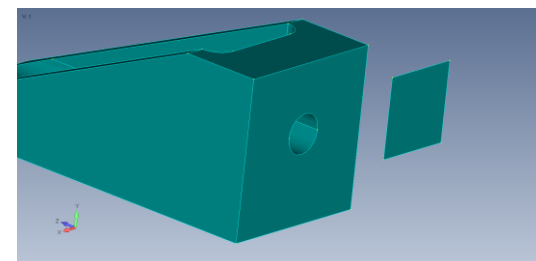
Thicken



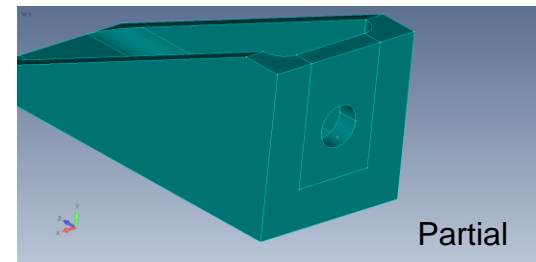
Fill Hole



Extend



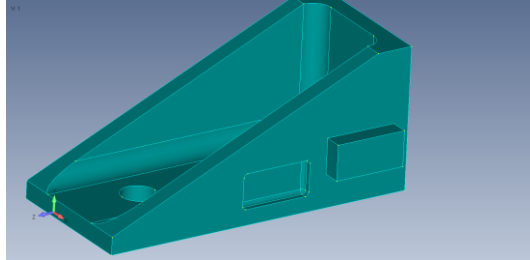
Embed Face



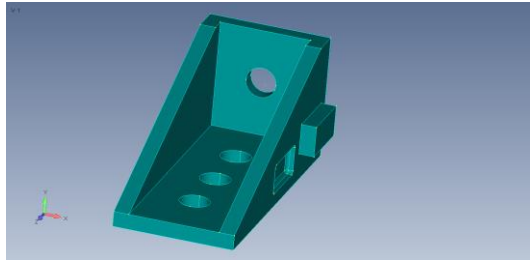
Faceted Geometry/Convergent Modeling

Facet Body Operations

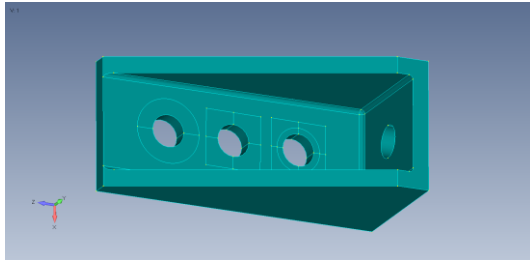
Boolean Add/Subtract



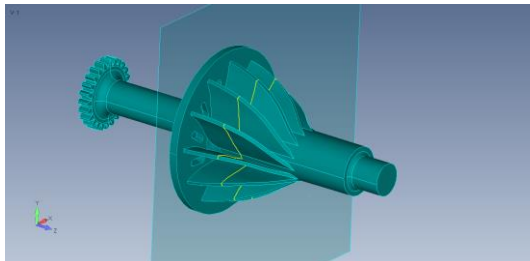
Remove Face



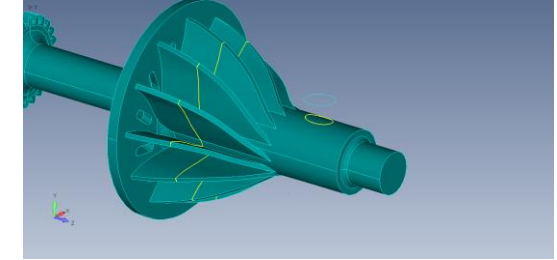
Pad and Washer



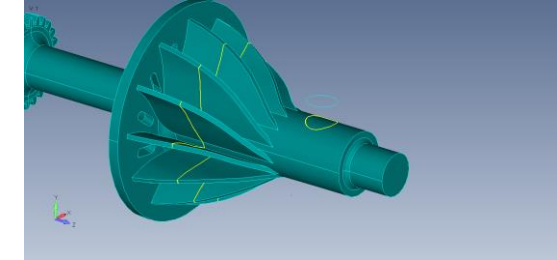
Curve From Surface Intersect



Curve From Surface Project Normal



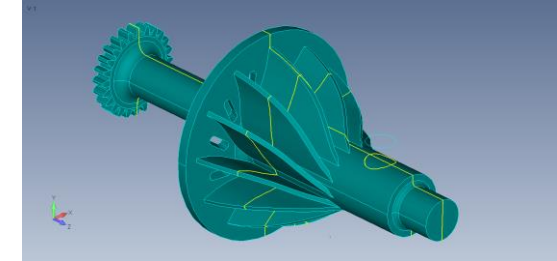
Curve From Surface Project Along Vector



Curve From Surface UV Curves



Curve From Surface Slice



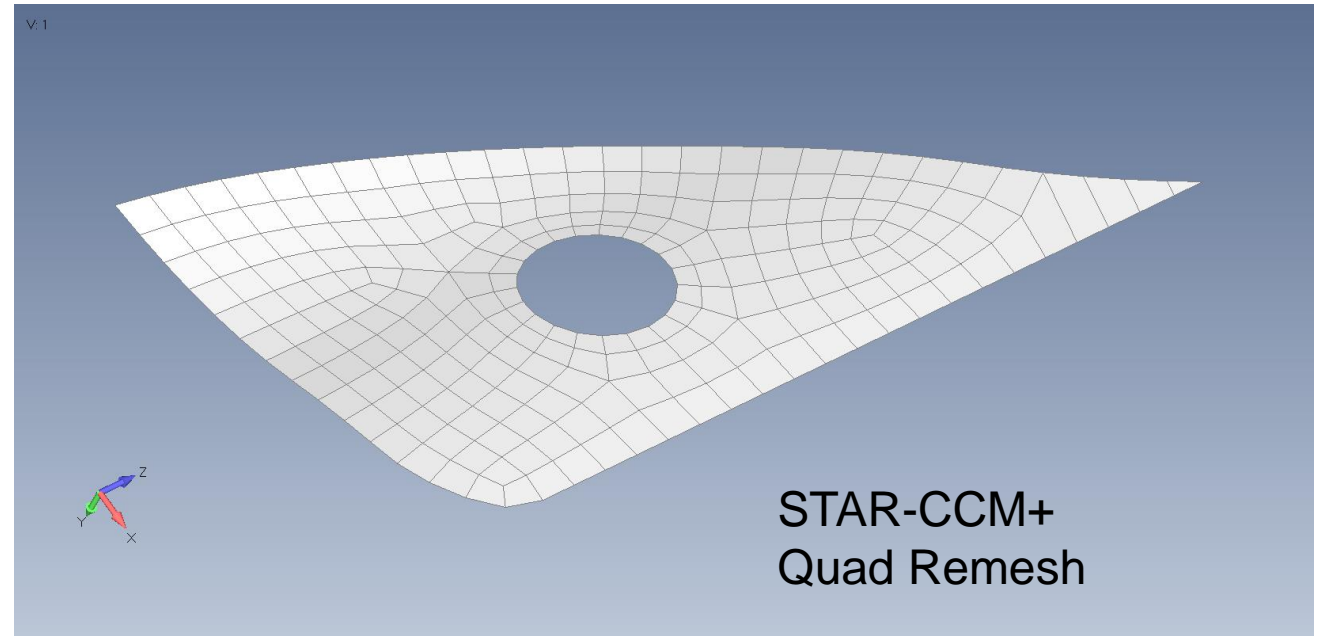
Faceted Geometry/Convergent Modeling Surface Meshing Example

Challenge – Surface Mesh complex
Additive Manufacturing design models
with a quality Mesh

Answer – Triangle “Remeshing”
technology from **STAR-CCM+**

The STAR-CCM+ **Triangle** Remesher
integrated into FEMAP turns poorly
shaped triangles into high quality triangles

During implementation, we also realized
how well it can create a Quadrilateral-
dominant mesh, thus the result is Femap’s
new “**Body Mesher Technology**”



Body Mesher Technology

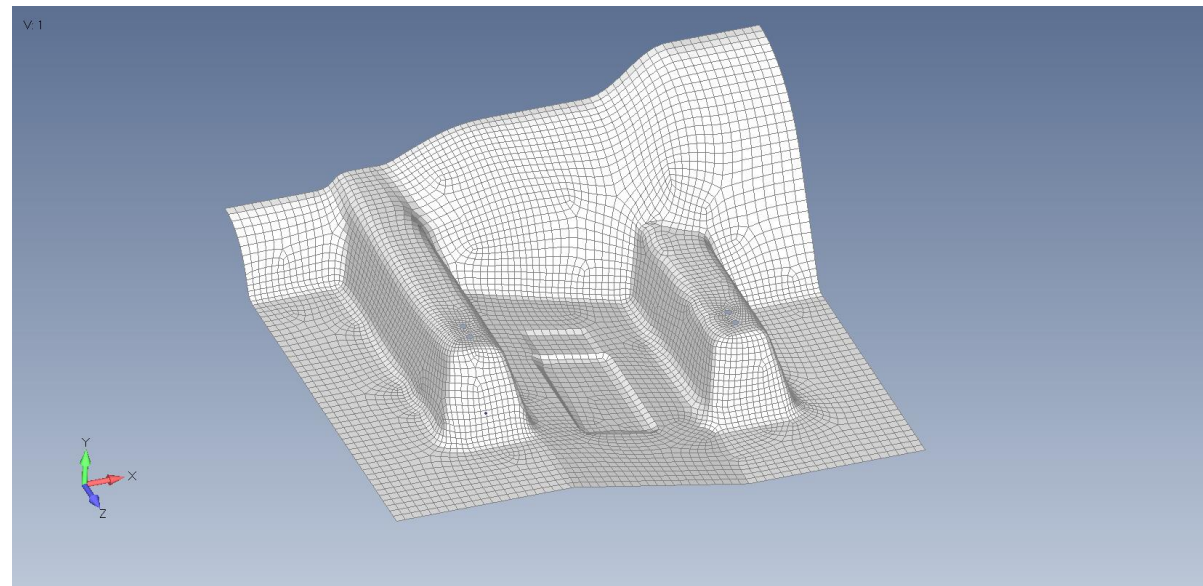
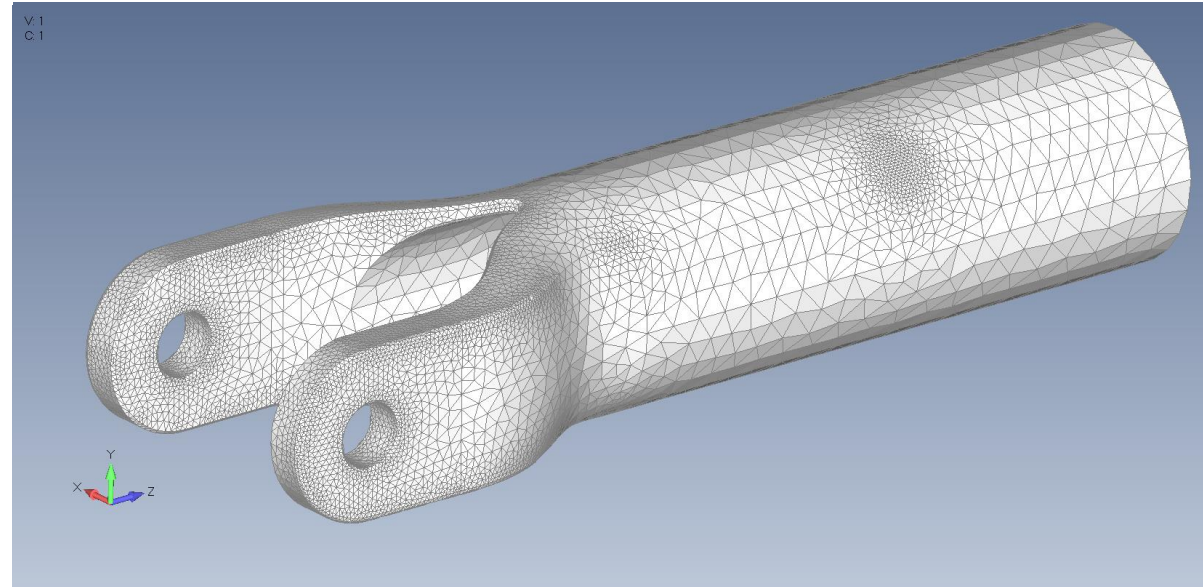
Why Body Mesher?

Why did we decide to name this functionality the “**Body Mesher**”?

Because you mesh a Parasolid Body, which can either be a connected set of surfaces that form a single closed volume (**solid** body) or that do not a **sheet** body or **general** body

Commands which always use or optionally allow use of **Body Mesher** Technology:

- **Mesh, Bodies** (always)
- **Mesh, Mesh on Mesh** (always)
- **Mesh, Geometry, Surface** (optional)



Body Mesher Technology

Traditional Meshing vs Body Meshing Workflow - Overview

Body Meshing can help to create very **high quality** meshes
The workflow is very **different** from traditional meshing in FEMAP

Traditional Meshing Workflow

- **Idealize geometry** via Meshing Toolbox and/or Geometry Preparation to remove slivers and geometry problems
- Define **discrete**, highly customizable **mesh locations** on geometry
- **Nodal locations** are primary, guaranteed result, therefore the best **quality** mesh is sometimes **compromised**

Body Meshing Workflow

- **Not Required**, Body Mesher handles this via triangulation
- Define **Target Mesh Sizing**, along with Element **Quality** Targets and Tolerances
- **Mesh quality** is primary goal
- Node locations are therefore **not** guaranteed, as any discrete mesh sizes are targets

Body Mesher Technology

Traditional Meshing vs Body Meshing Workflow - Associativity

Because Nodes may or may not end up on curves and surfaces,
geometry associativity is affected

Traditional Meshing Workflow

- Nodes and Elements are **fully associated** with Points, Curves and Surfaces of Surface and Solid Meshes

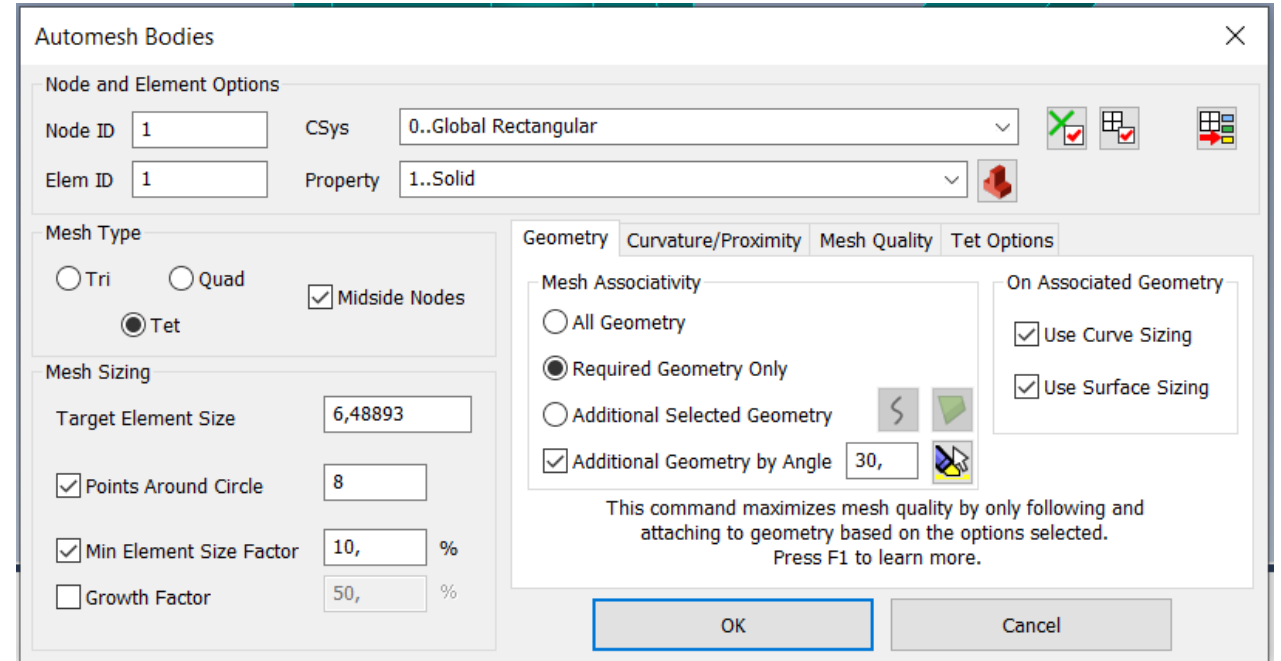
Body Meshing Workflow

- Nodes and Elements are **only associated** with Points, Curves, and Surface where there are **existing Loads, Boundary Conditions, or Regions** (including **contact**)
- Nodes and Elements **can** also be associated with additional Curves and Surfaces **explicitly** selected by **user**

Body Mesher Technology

Mesh Bodies...

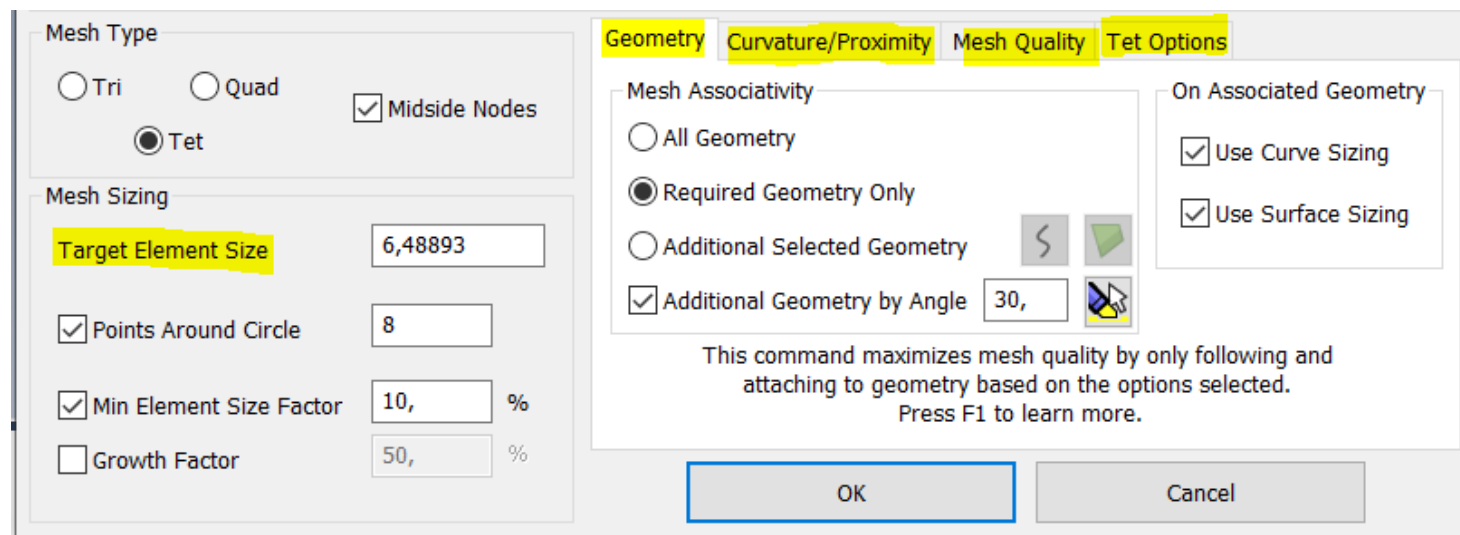
- Uses meshing methodologies which **differ** from Mesh, Geometry, Surface and Mesh, Geometry, Solid commands for creation of a higher quality mesh by imposing **fewer restrictions** when meshing geometric surfaces (sheet solids), solids, and general bodies
- Can create a **2-D surface mesh** on a connected sheet solid (stitched body) or general body or a **3-D solid tetrahedral mesh** in a solid part



Body Mesher Technology

Mesh Bodies...

- **Target Element Size** will be computed to use for selected geometry based upon the **average** curve length of all edges in selected geometric entities divided by 6
- This parameter is used in **conjunction** with the other parameters in the **Mesh Sizing** section, along with the settings on the **Geometry**, **Curvature/Proximity**, and **Mesh Quality** to create either a triangular/quadrilateral surface or tetrahedral solid mesh
- When creating Tetrahedral Mesh on solids, Tetrahedral Mesher uses options specified on **Tet Options** tab



- **Mesh, Bodies** more details can be found in *Commands Manual, Chapter 5.1.4 Mesh, Bodies*

Home > [Commands](#) > [5. Meshing](#) > [5.1 Meshing on Geometry](#) > [5.1.4 Mesh, Bodies...](#)

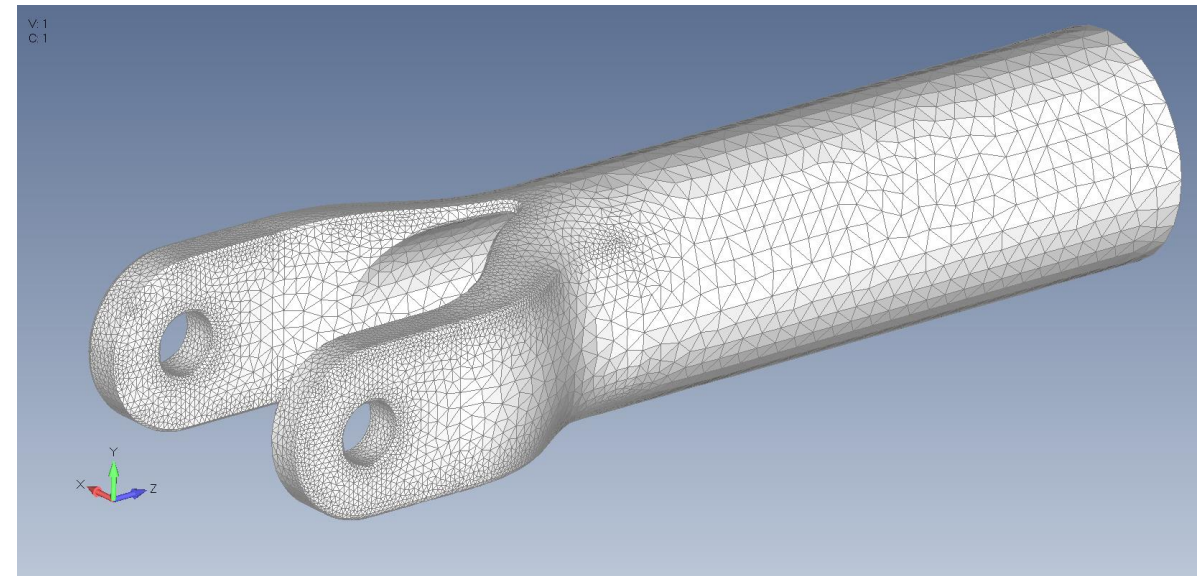
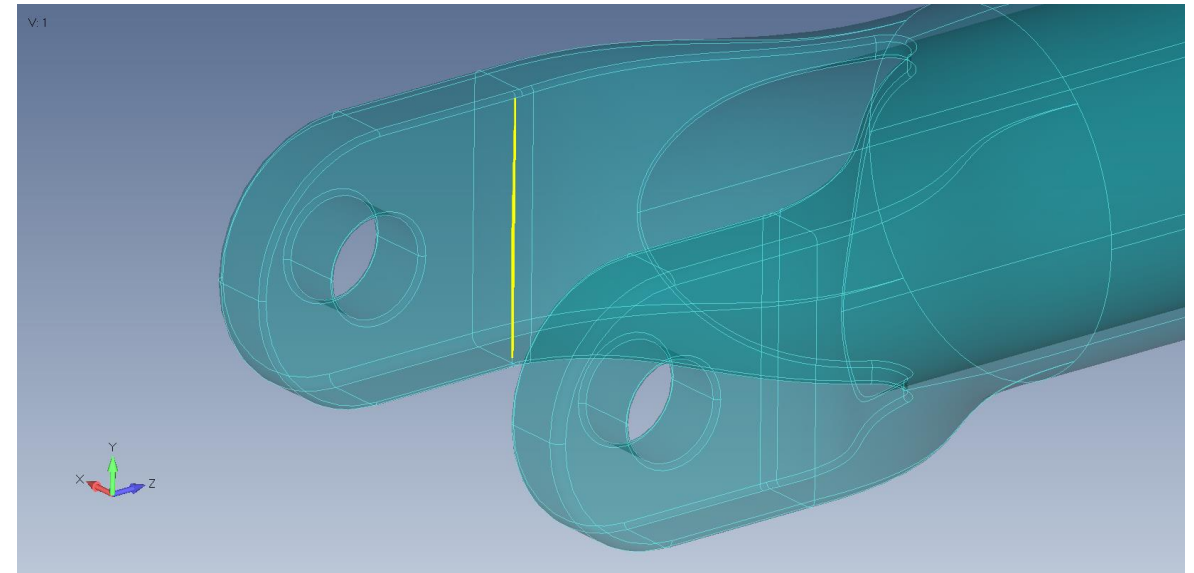
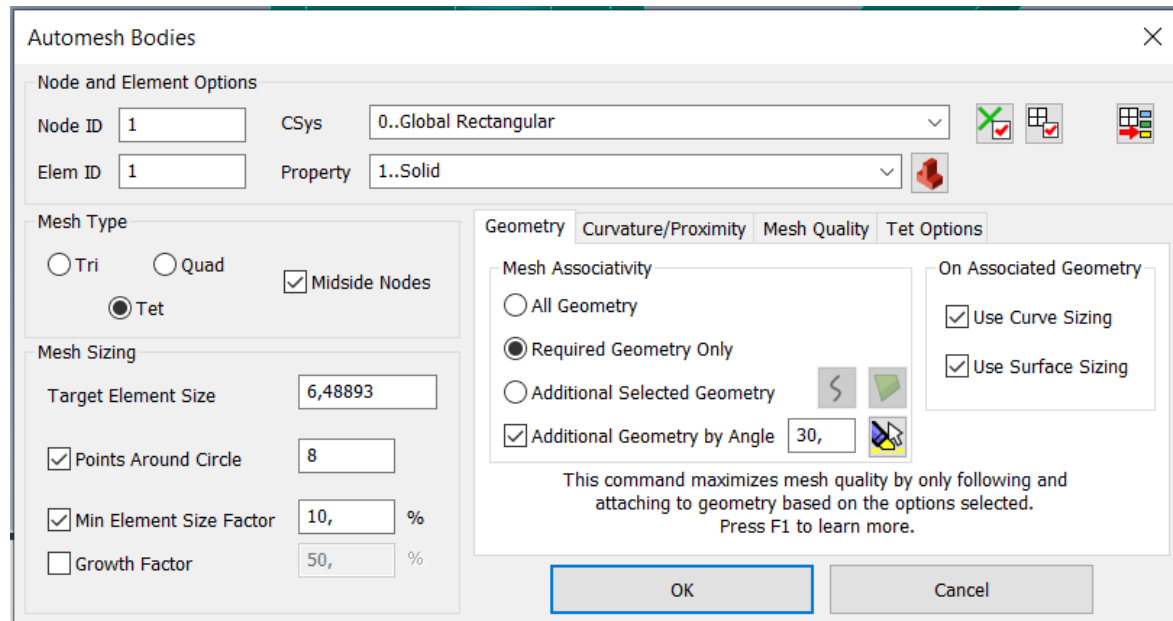


[5.1.4 Mesh, Bodies...](#)

Body Mesher Technology

Suggested Workflow

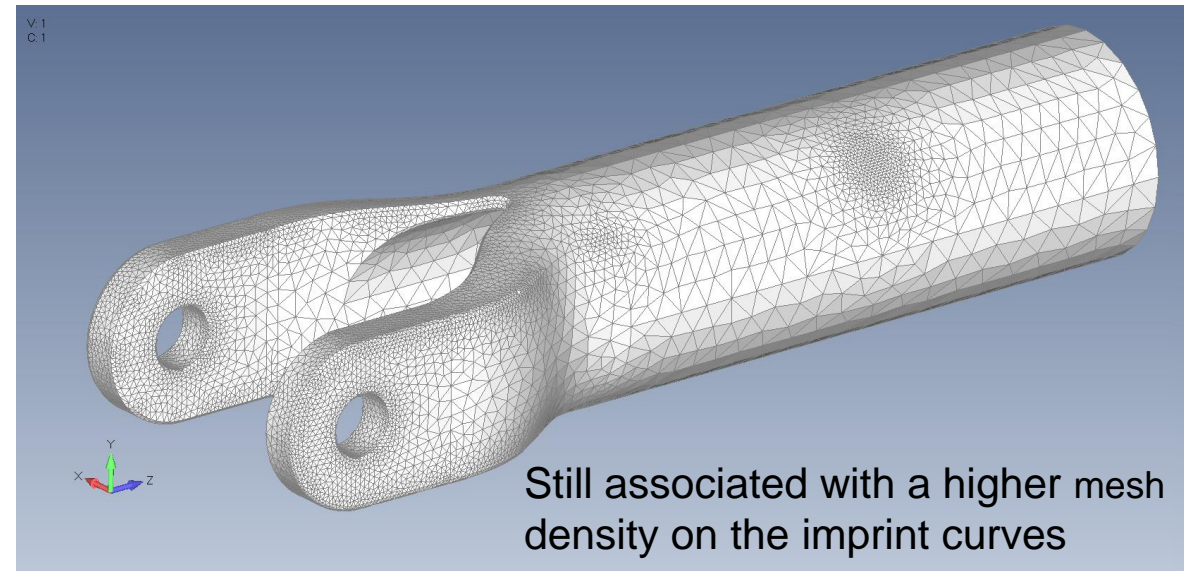
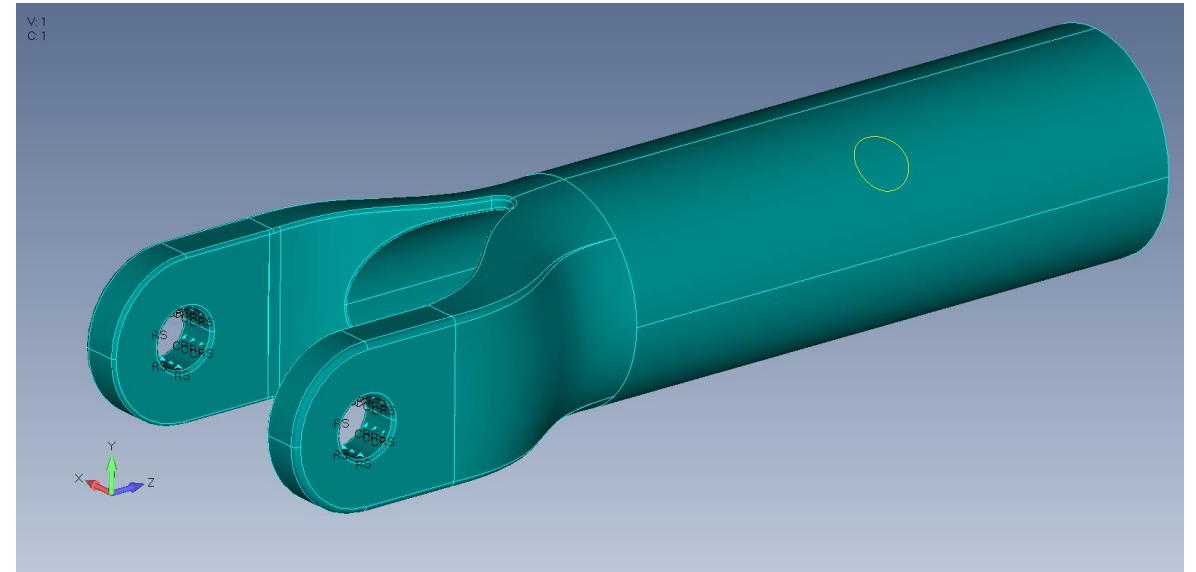
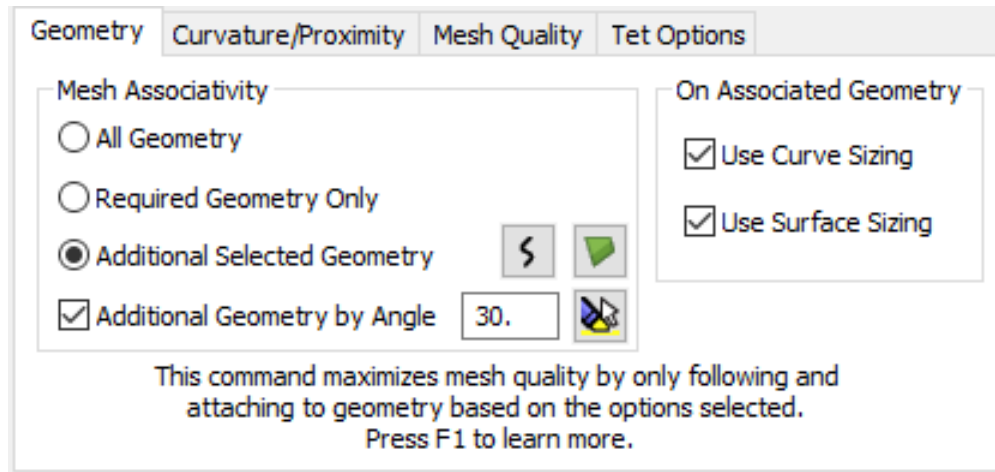
- Using **Body Mesher** to automatically remove sliver surfaces and capture local curvature in this part



Body Mesher Technology

Suggested Workflow

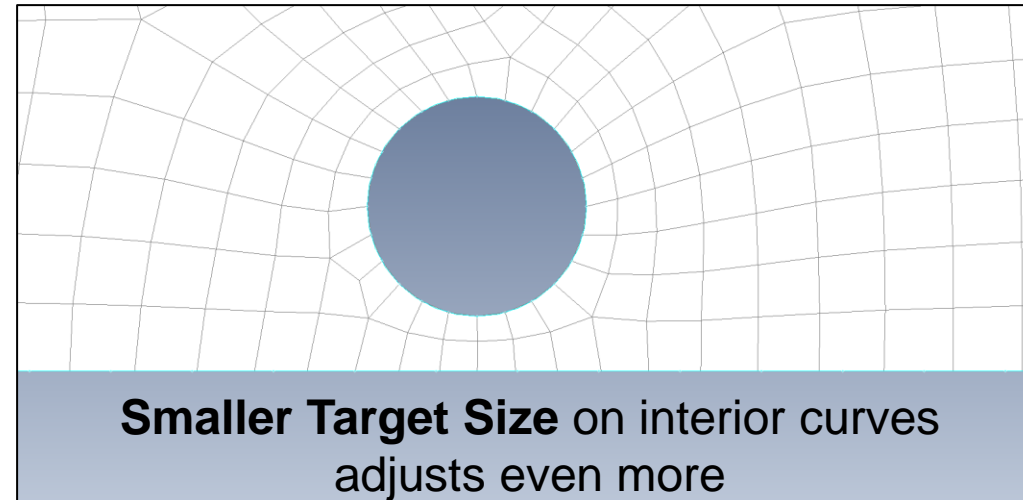
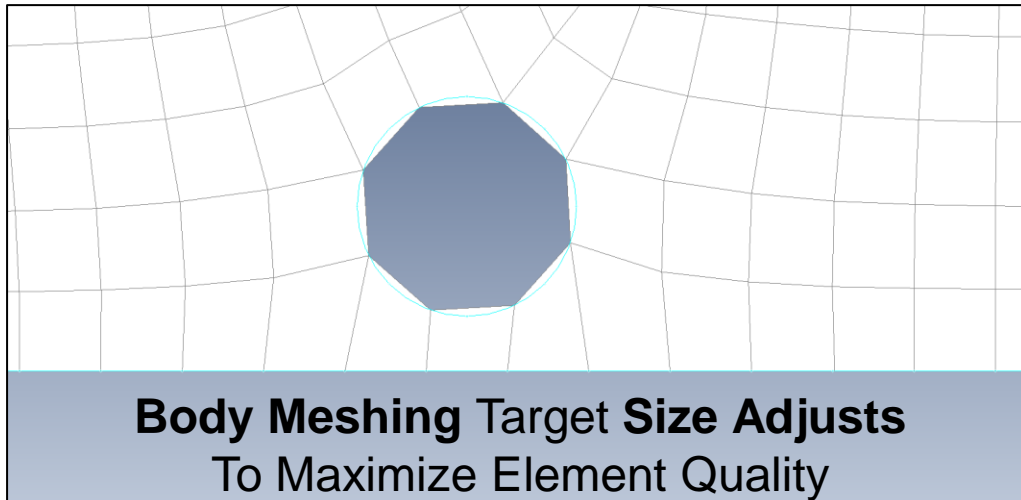
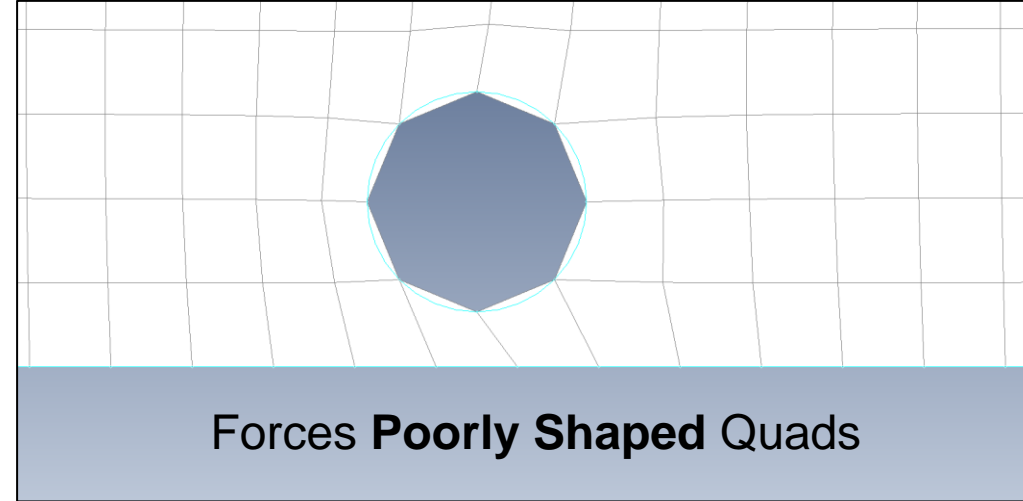
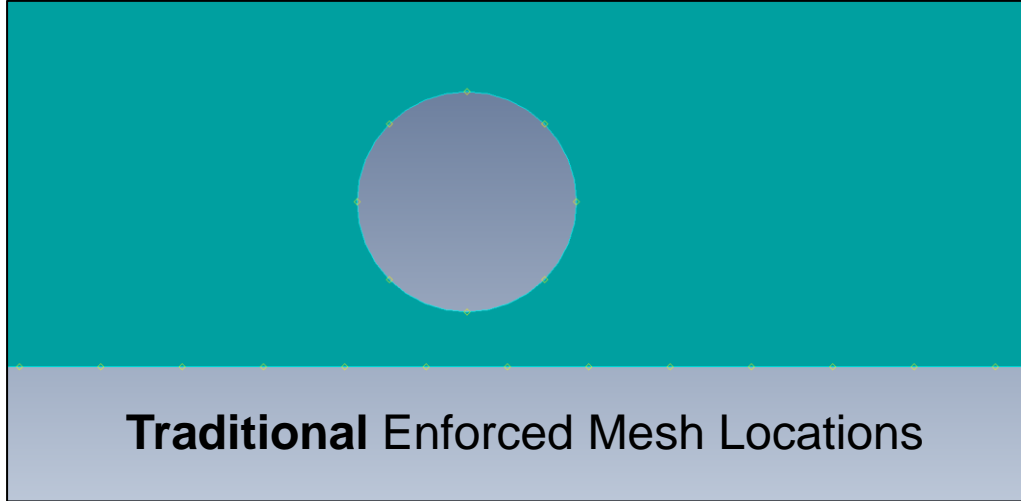
- We also need **associated geometry** for a **constraint** applied to the holes, and to the **circular imprint** for later connection to additional mesh



Workflow Change – specify Loads, Boundary Conditions, Contact Regions, etc., **BEFORE** Body Meshing!

Body Mesher Technology

Mesh Sizing Example

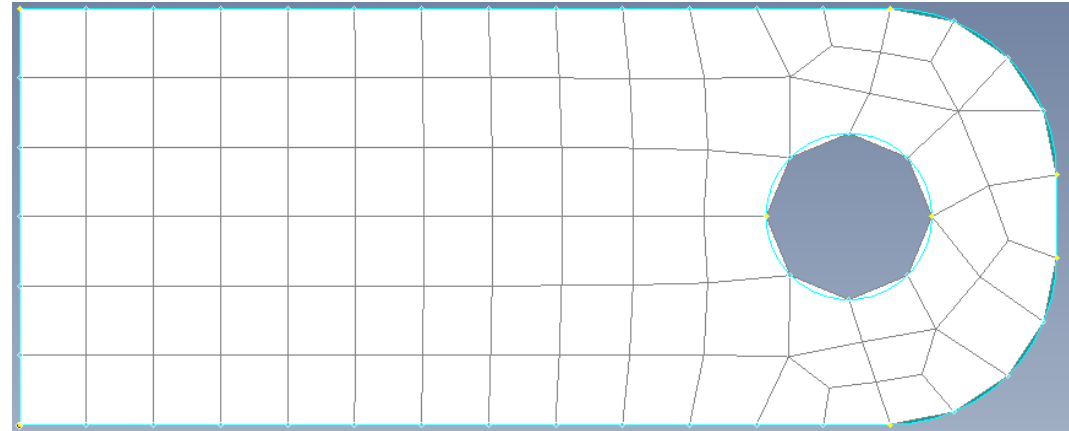


Body Mesher Technology

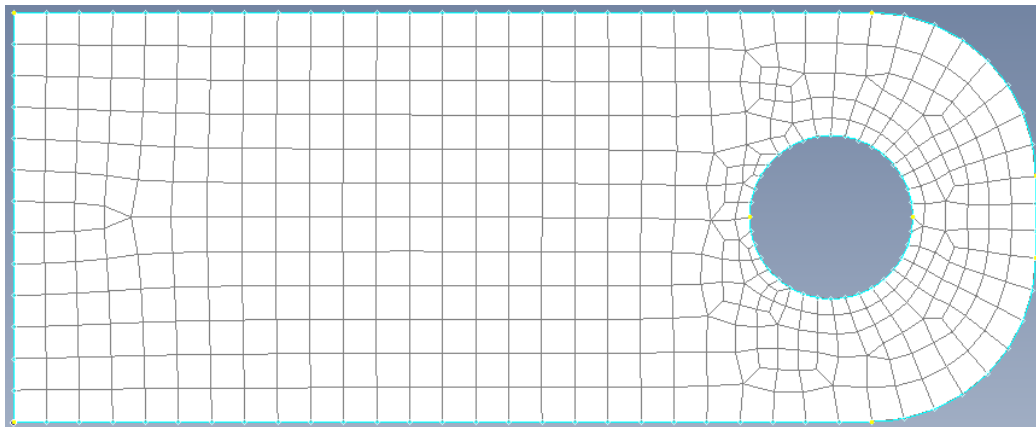
Mesh Sizing Example



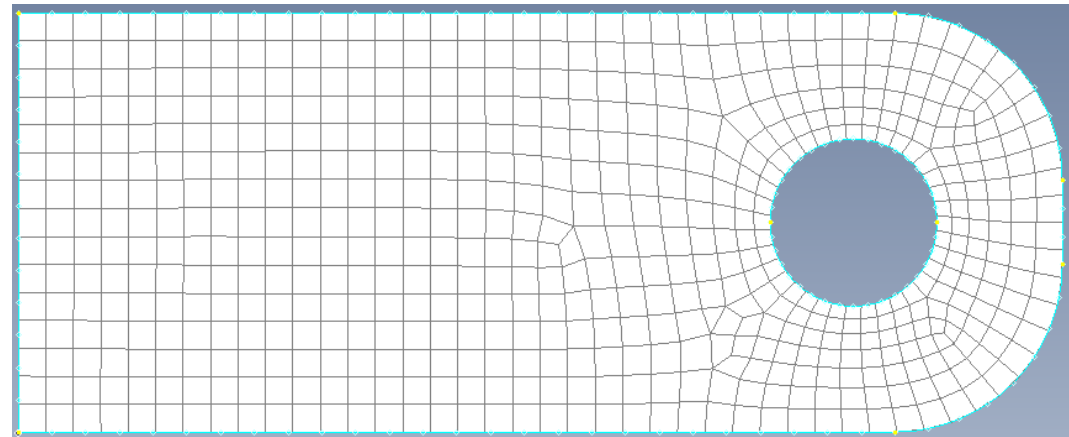
Traditional Enforced Mesh Locations



Default Poorly Shaped Quads



Traditional Mesh with Mesh Size refinement

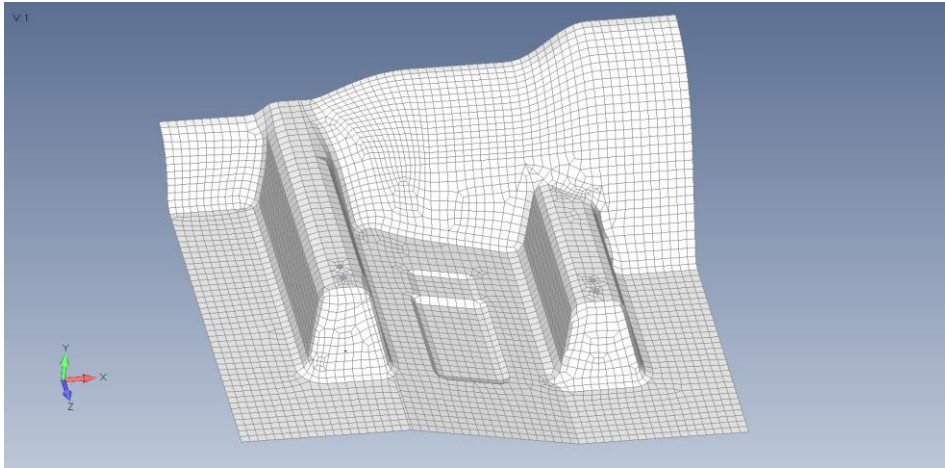


Body Meshing with Target Size equal to Mesh Sizes from Traditional Mesh

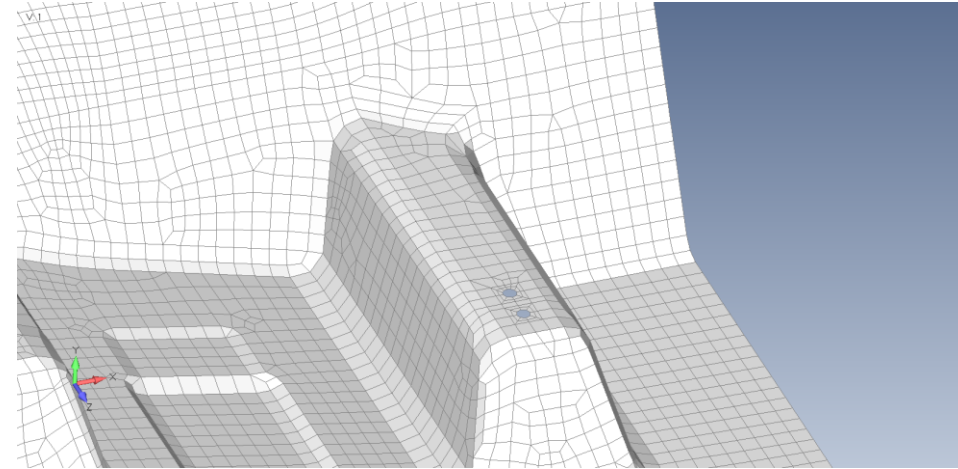
Body Mesher Technology

Body Meshing Cleanup Example

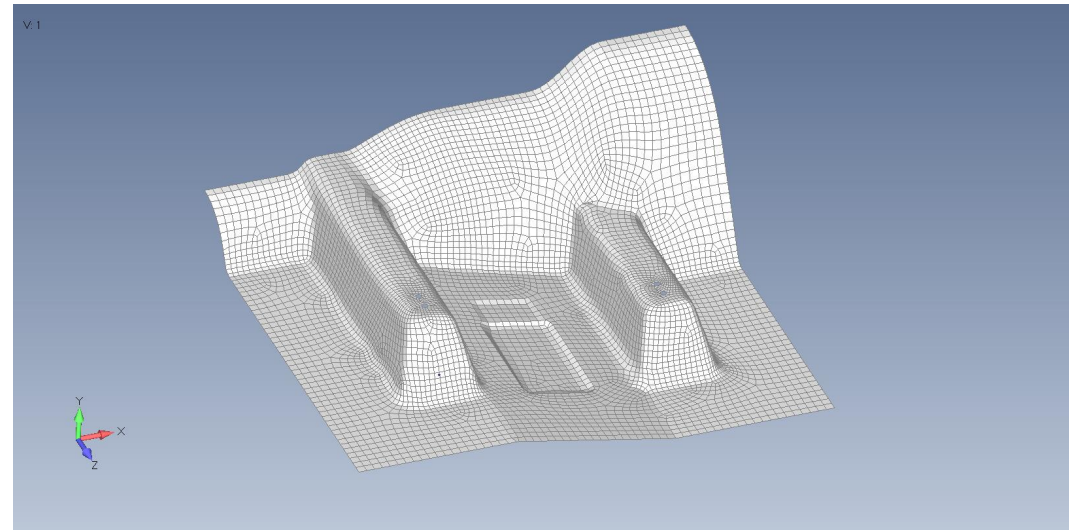
Automatic Geometry Preparation and Mesh



Manual Geometry Cleanup and Mesh



With **Body Meshing** - set **Target Size** and let the Mesher take care of everything else



Body Mesher Technology

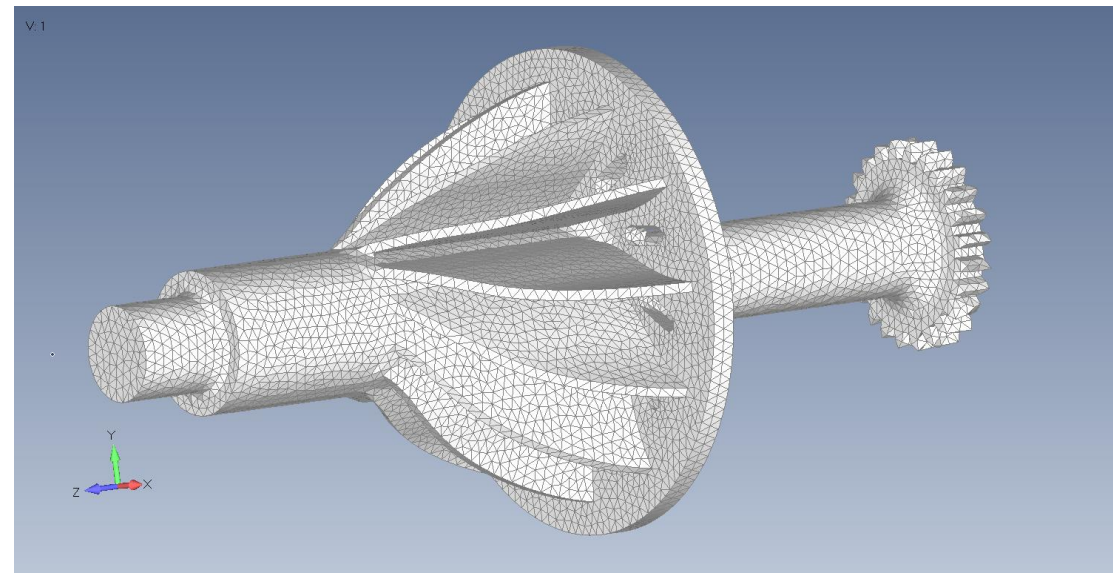
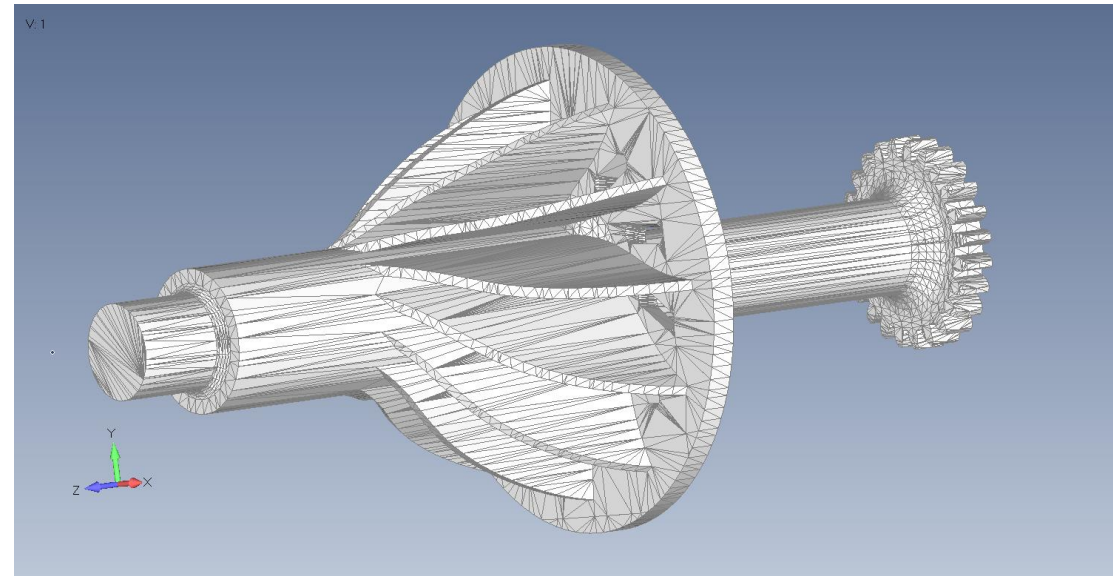
Body Meshing Benefits

Since triangular facets are all that are required for meshing, **new possibilities** are now available in **Femap**

“**Clean**” **STL files** can be used as the basis to create a high-quality surface mesh

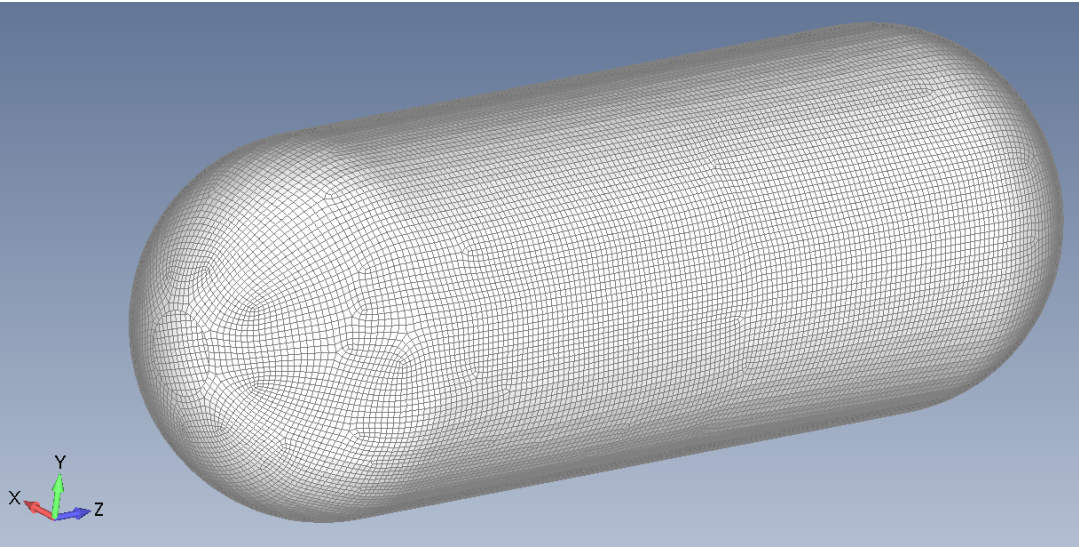
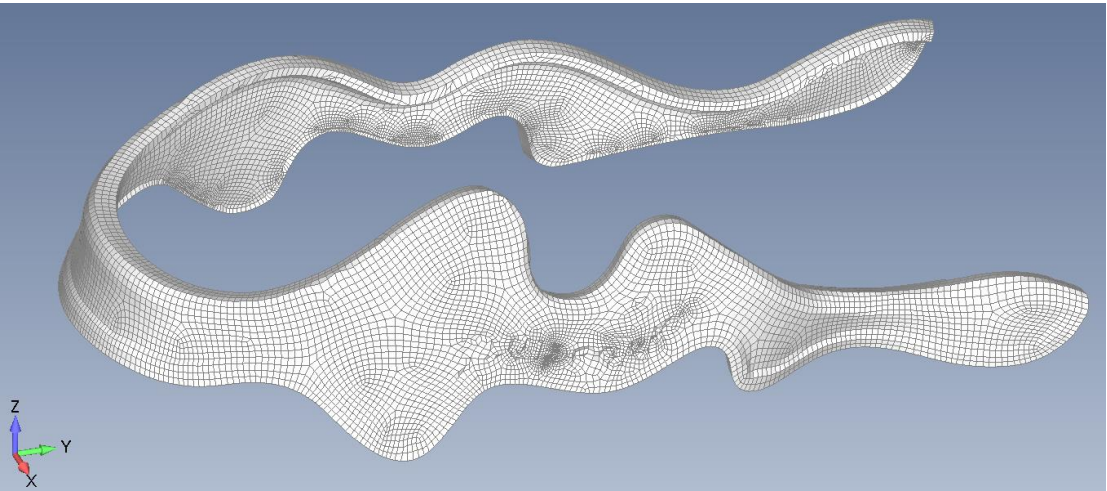
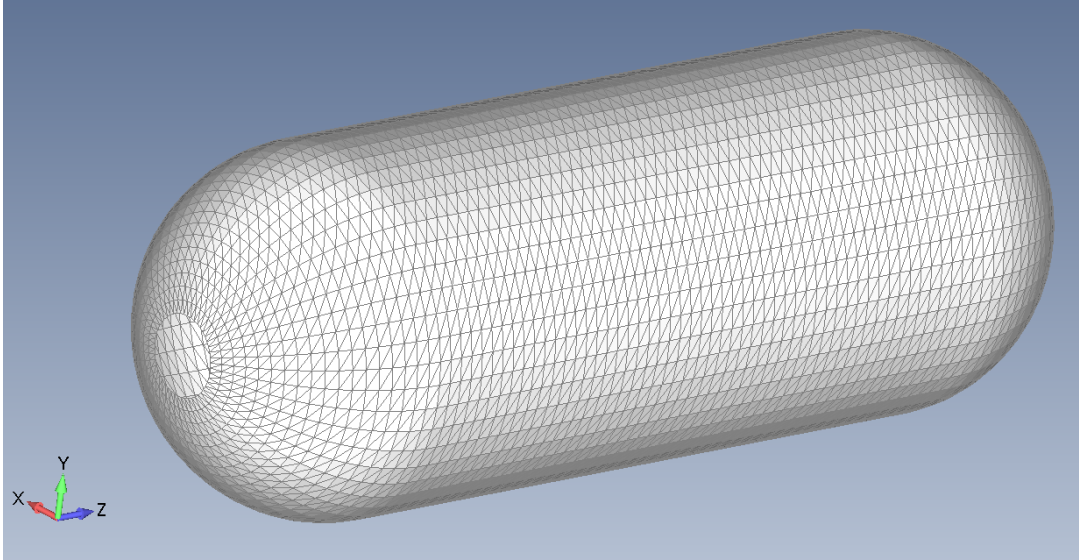
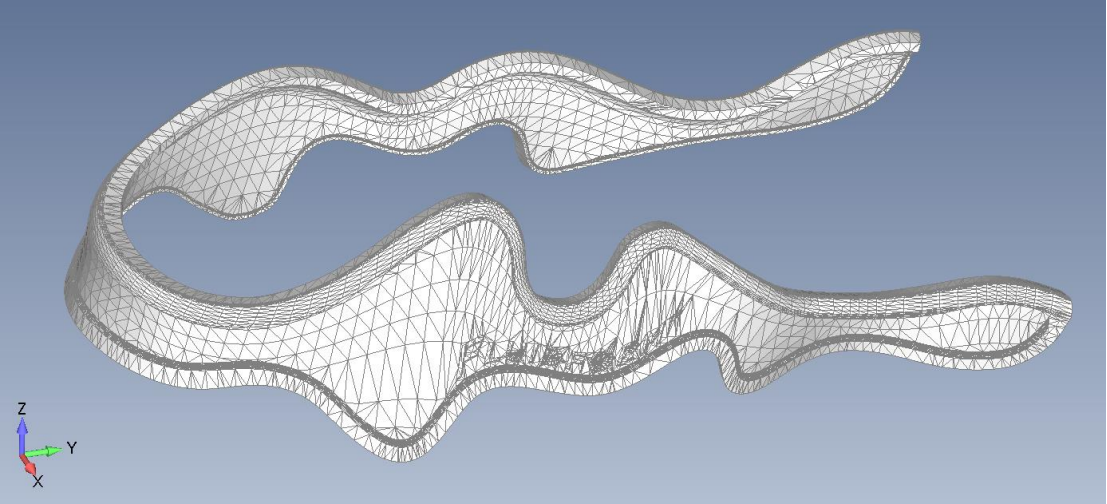
Note: “Clean” STL files have:

- All facets fully connected
- No facets which overlap



Body Mesher Technology

STL Surface Meshing Examples

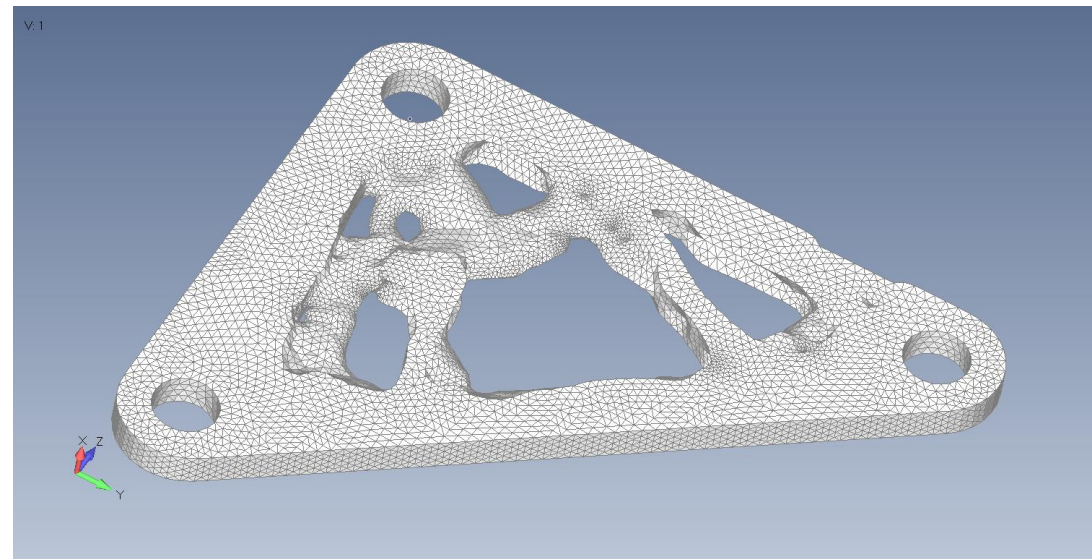
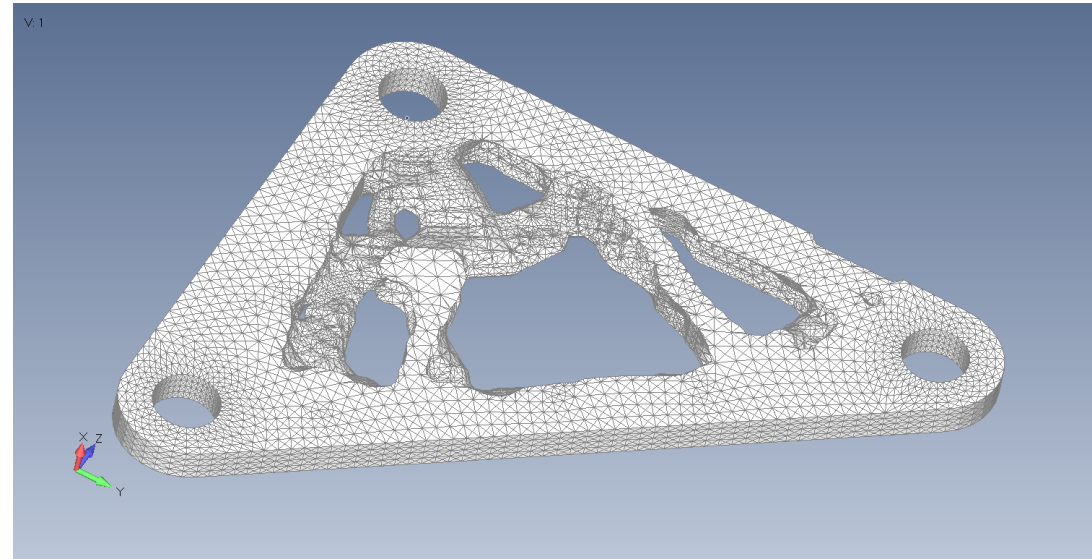


Body Mesher Technology

Body Meshing Benefits

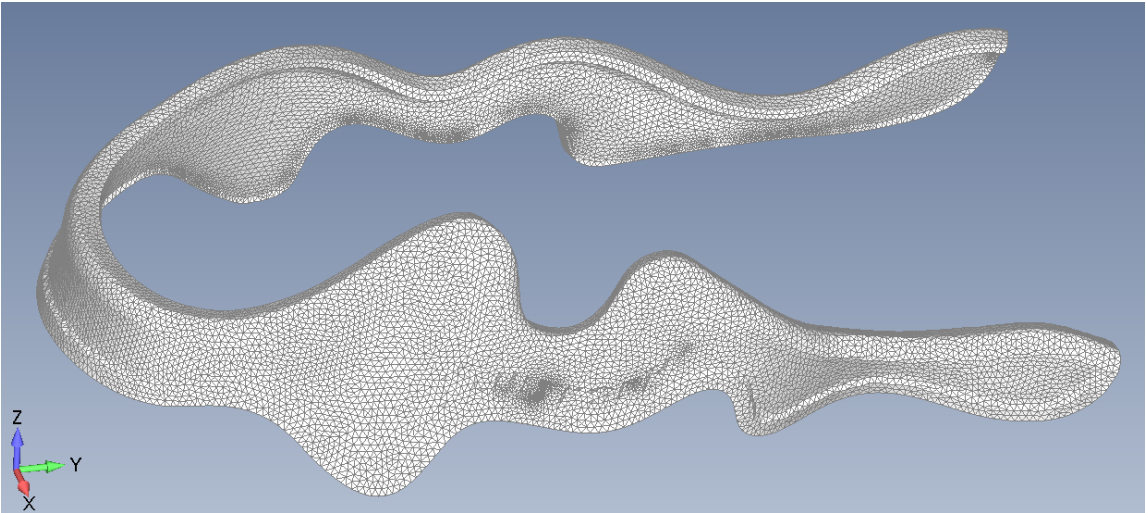
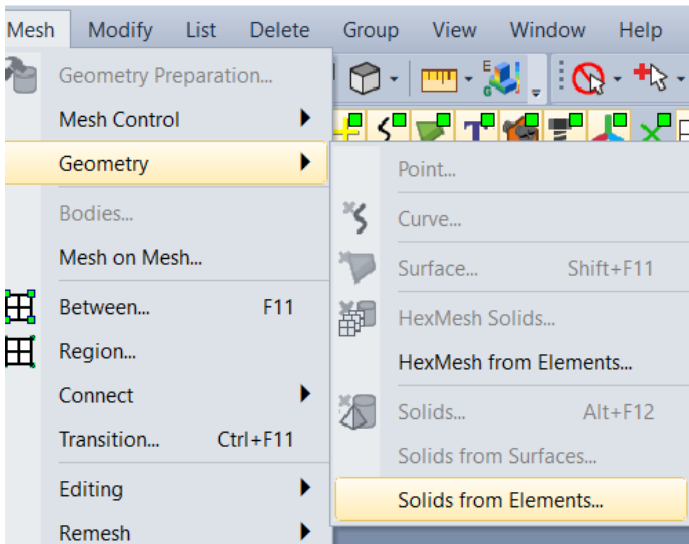
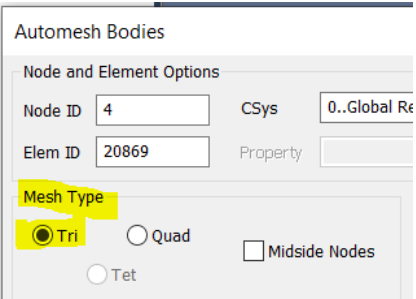
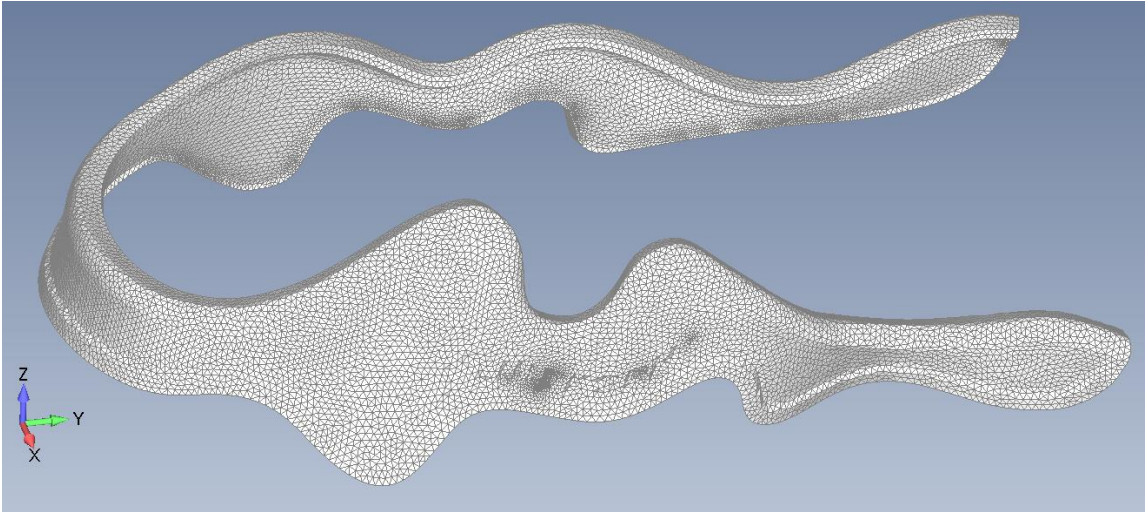
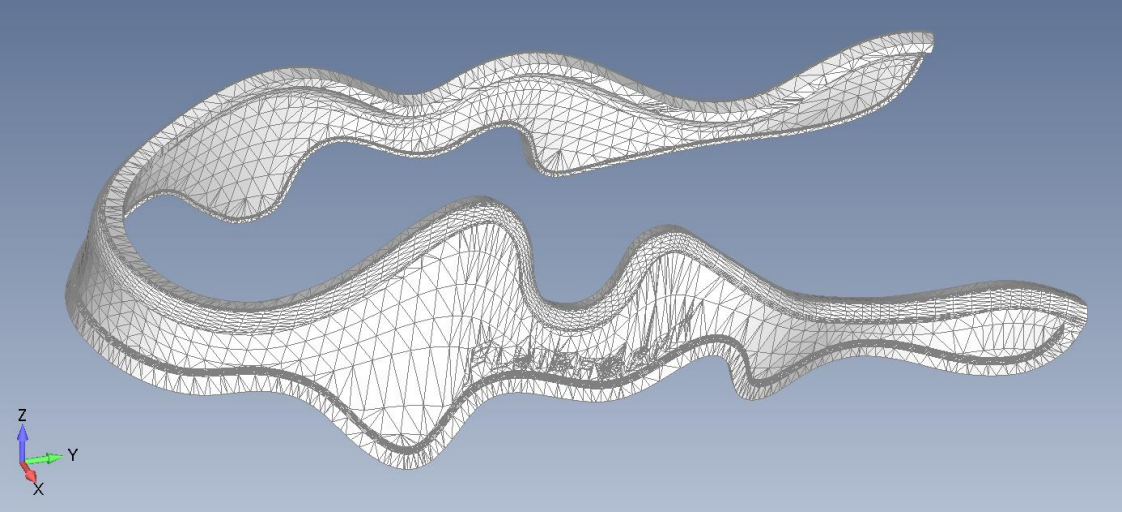
Since triangular facets are all that are required for meshing, **new possibilities** are now available in **Femap**

STL facets of topology optimized shapes can be turned into **useful tetrahedral meshes**



Body Mesher Technology

STL Solid Meshing Example



Body Mesher Technology

Body Meshing Benefits

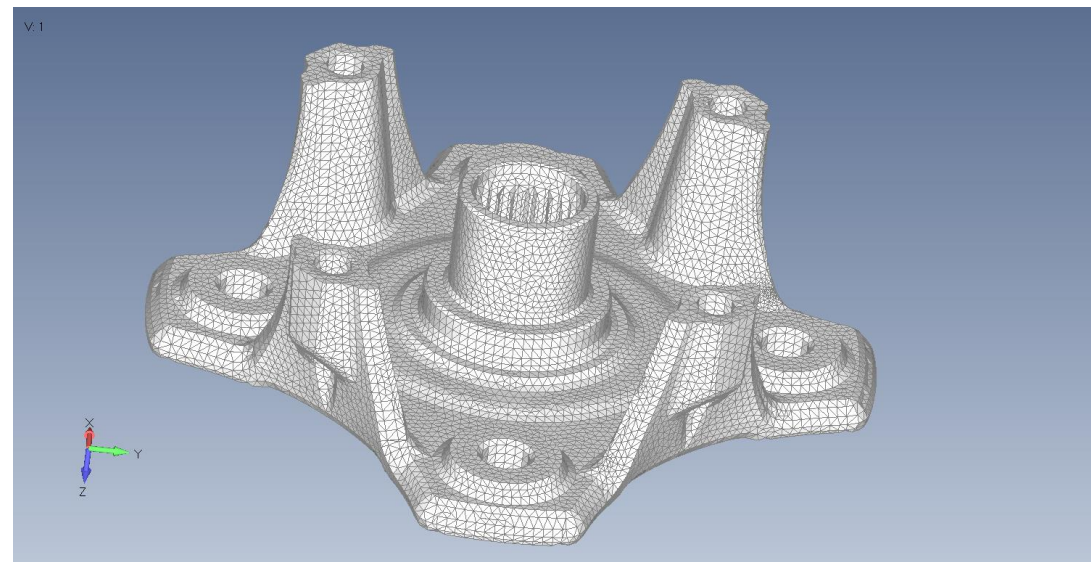
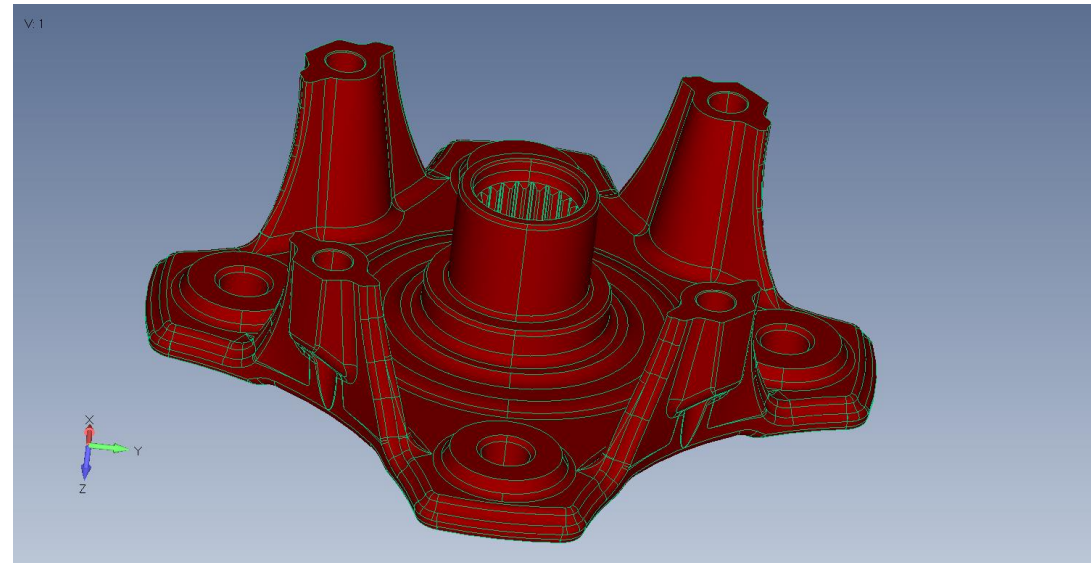
Automatic Cleanup and Defeaturing for Tetrahedral Meshing

To mesh this part in previous versions:

- First, use the “Mesh, **Geometry Preparation**” command
- Second, use various tools in the Meshing Toolbox to create the desired triangular **surface mesh**
- Finally, use “Mesh, Geometry, **Solids from Elements**” command to create Tet Mesh

To mesh this part in **2021.2** and above

- Simply use “**Mesh, Bodies**” command



Body Mesher Technology

Body Meshing Example

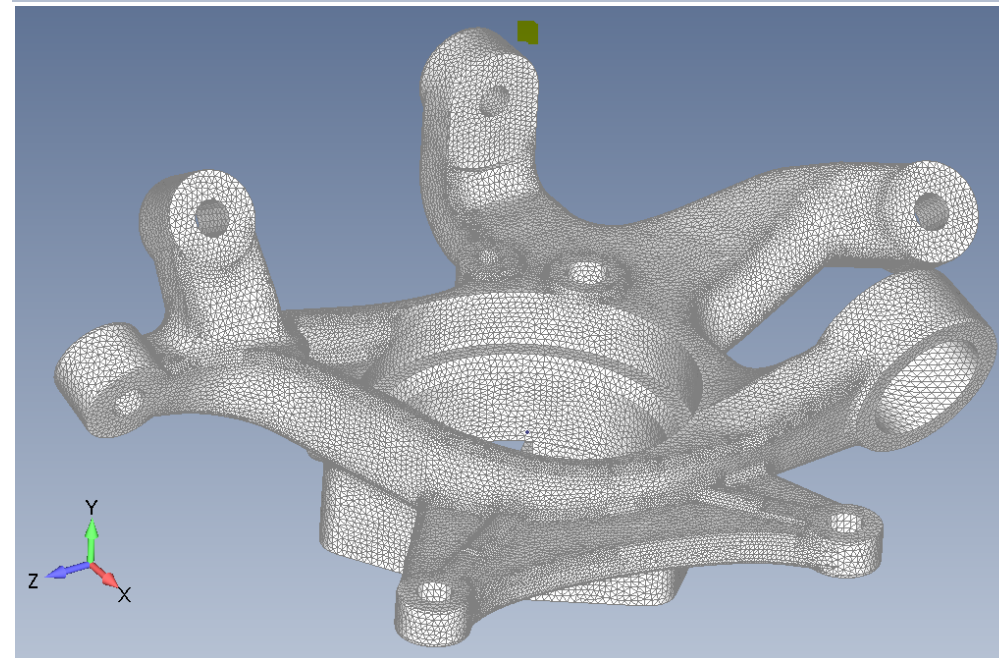
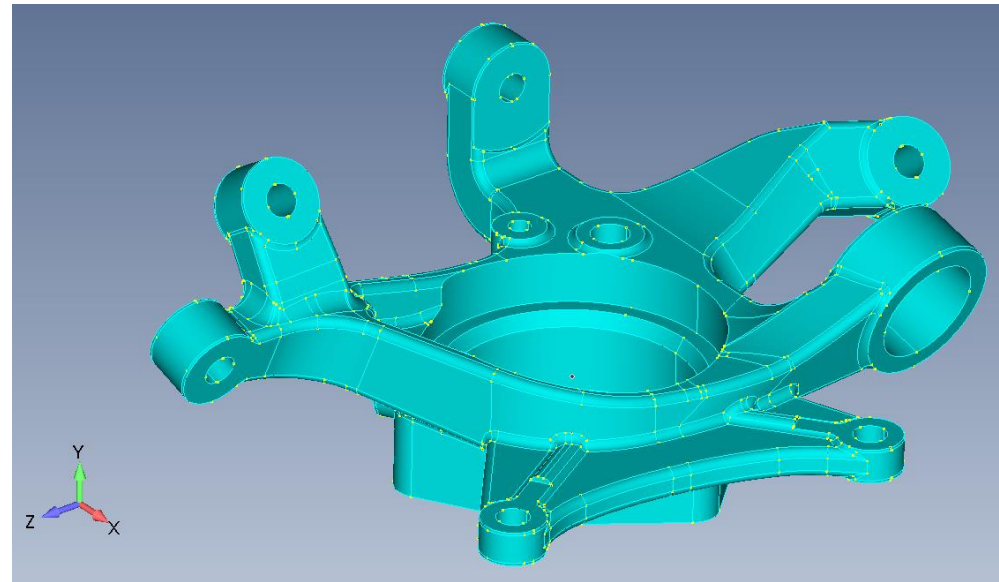
Automatic Cleanup and Defeaturing for Tetrahedral Meshing

Traditional mesh of this part

- Mesh, **Geometry Preparation** command
- Triangular **surface mesh**
- Mesh, Geometry, **Solids from Elements**” command

Body Meshing in 2021.2

- Use **Mesh, Bodies** command

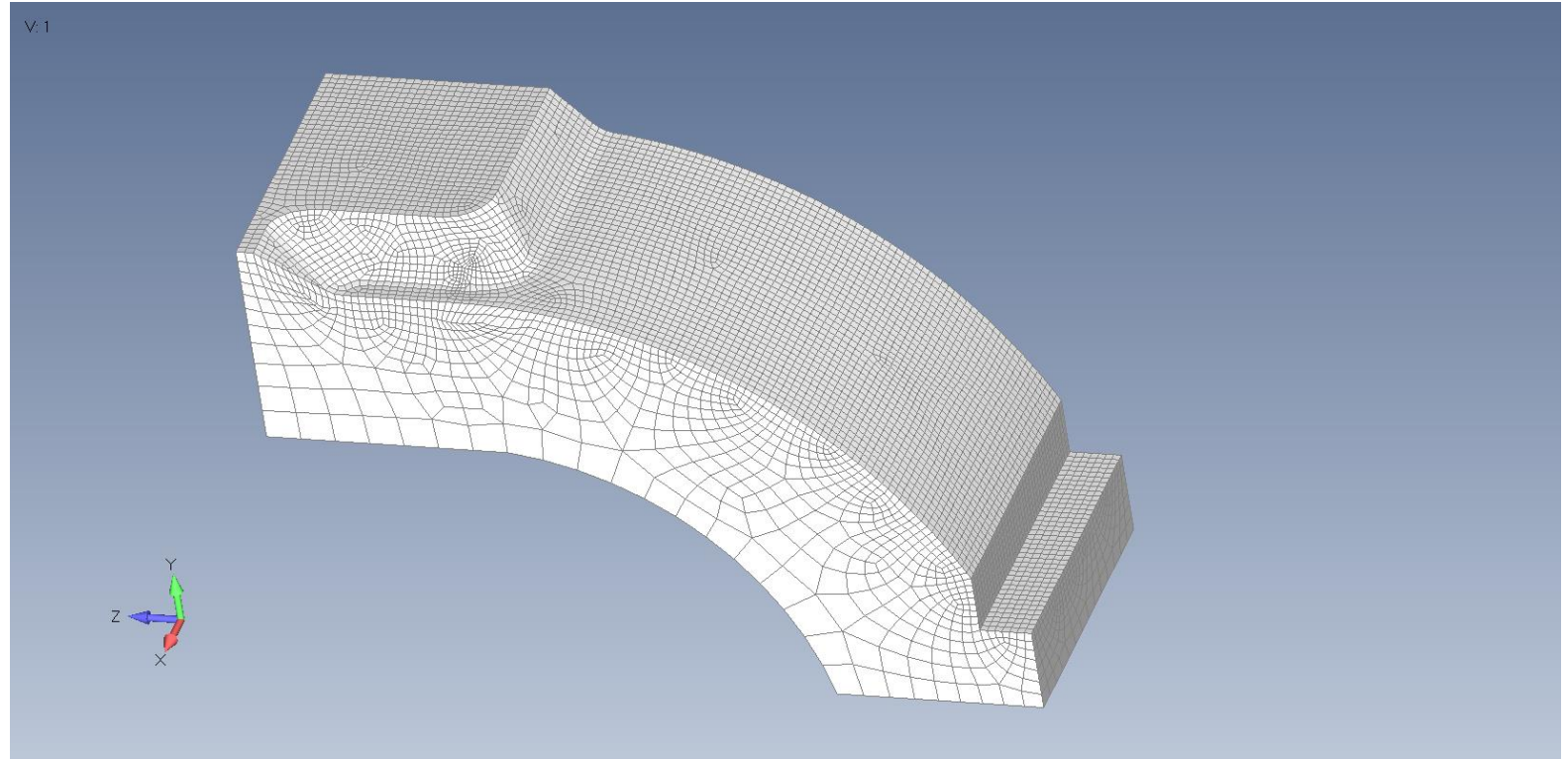


Body Mesher Technology

Powerful Transition Meshing

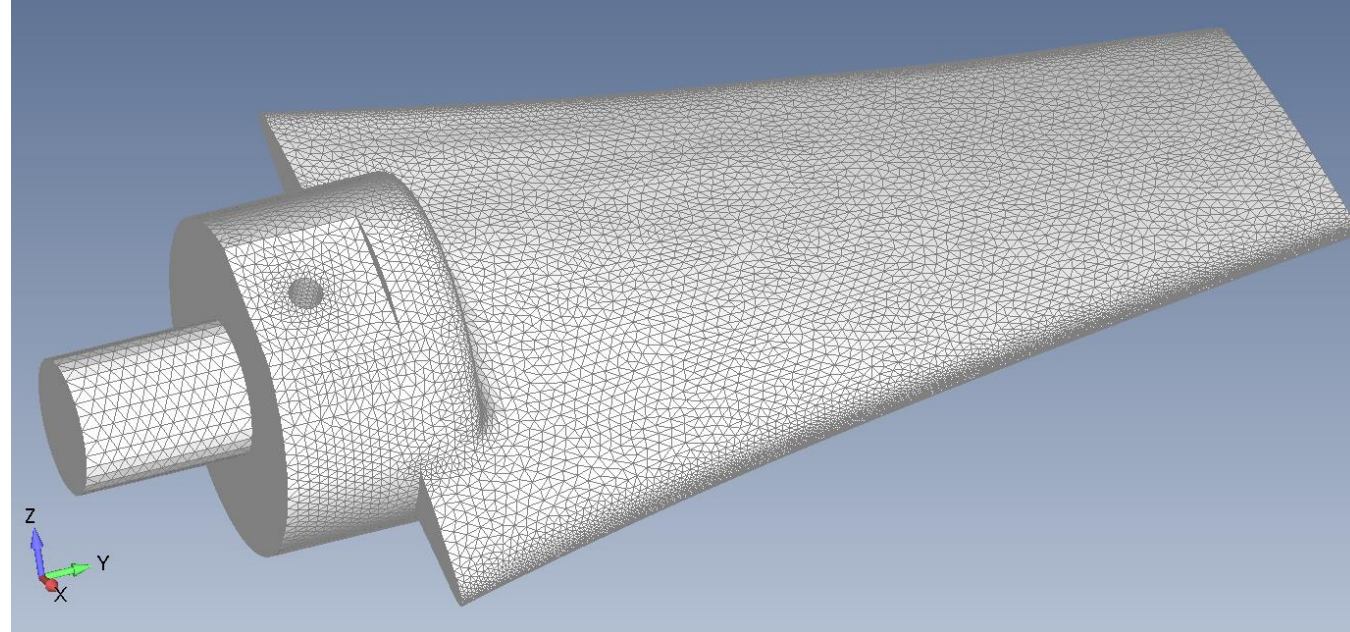
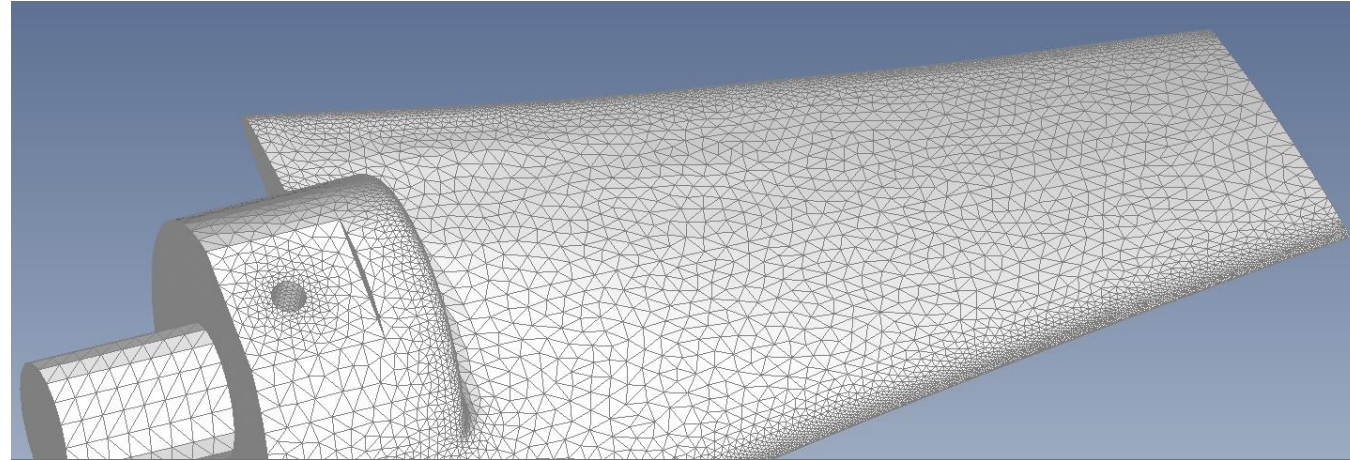
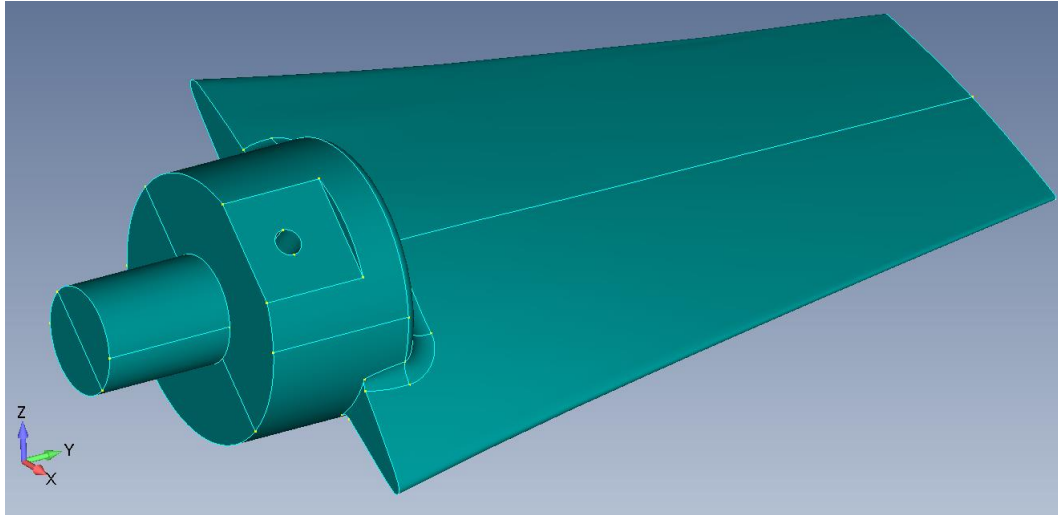
Triangle and **Quadrilateral-dominant** meshing via the **Body Mesher** also produces high-quality elements in **transition areas** where the element size changes to a large degree

- Example shows **high density mesh enforced** on the surfaces shown which **transition** to larger elements **based** on the overall target **mesh size** set for the rest of the part



Body Mesher Technology

Mesh Bodies, Tet Solid Meshing Example



Automesh Bodies

Node and Element Options
Node ID: 215726 CSys: 0..Global Rectangular
Elem ID: 175688 Property: 1..SOLID Property

Mesh Type
 Tri Quad Midside Nodes Tet

Mesh Sizing
Target Element Size: 0,840213
 Points Around Circle: 8
 Min Element Size Factor: 10, %
 Growth Factor: 50, %

Geometry Curvat
Mesh Associativ
 All Geometry
 Required Ge
 Additional Se
 Additional Ge
This com
attach

Automesh Bodies

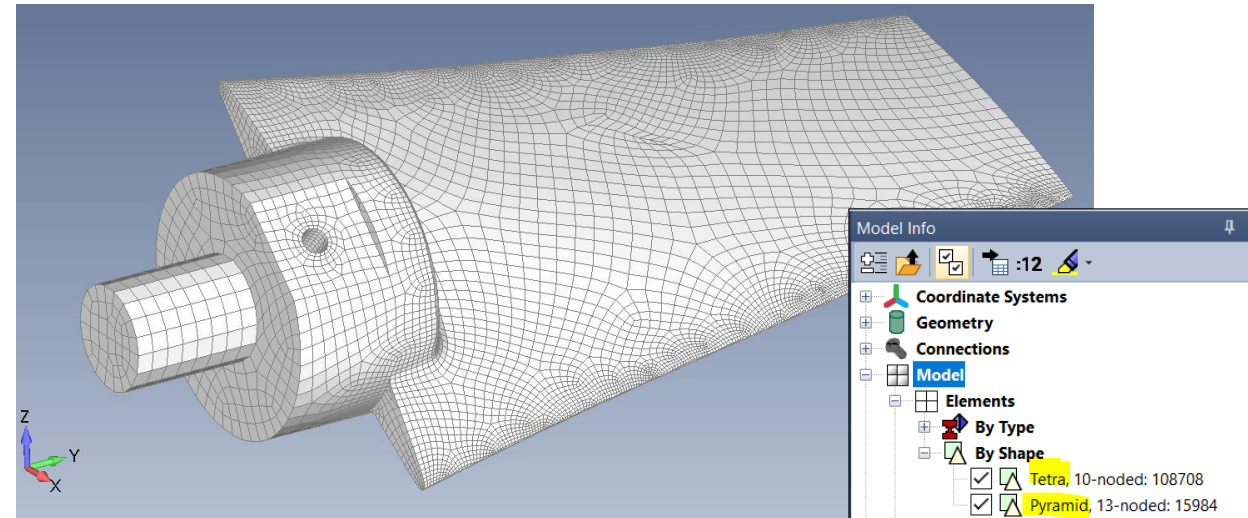
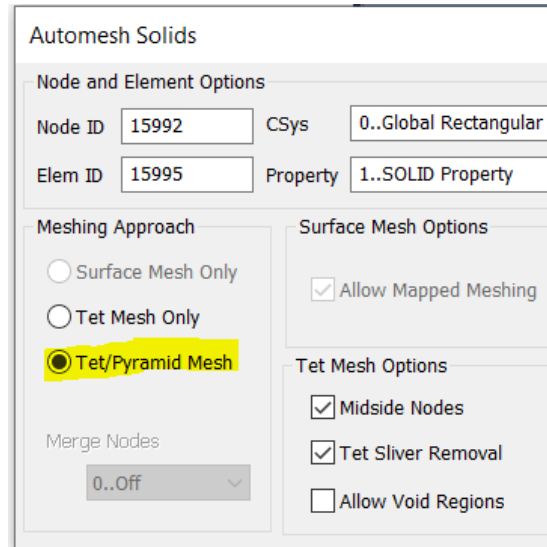
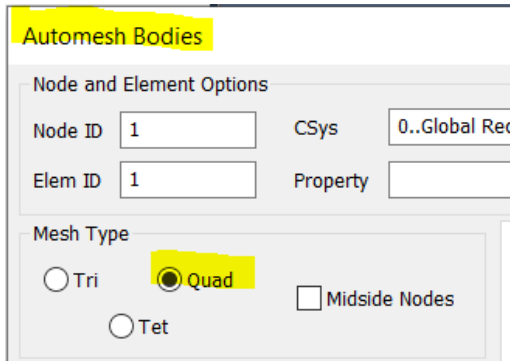
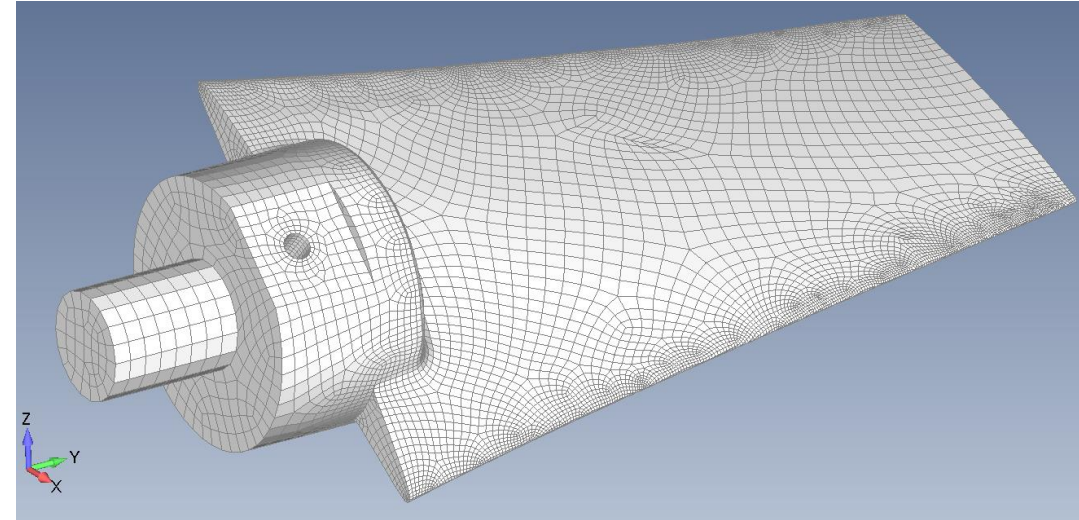
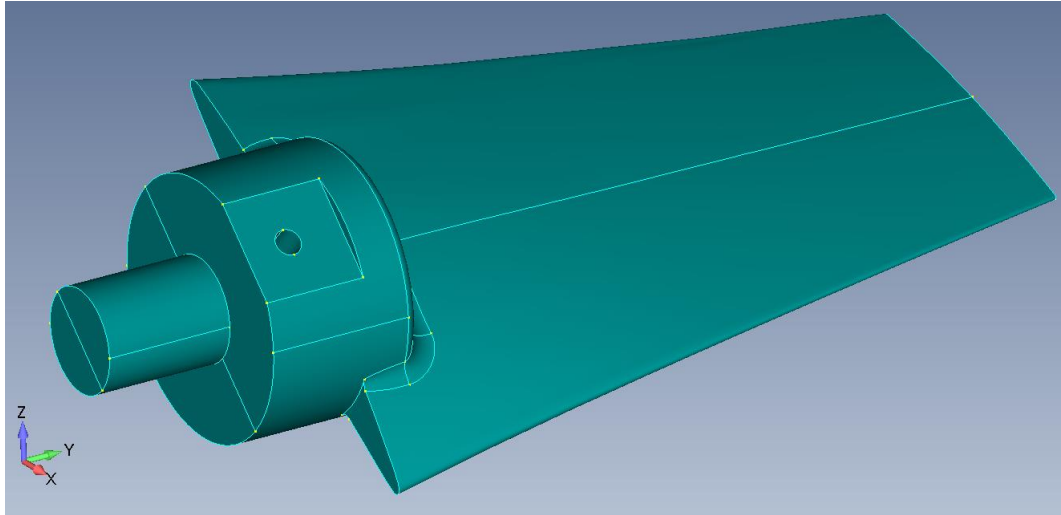
Node and Element Options
Node ID: 195200 CSys: 0..Global Rectangul
Elem ID: 153600 Property: 1..SOLID Property

Mesh Type
 Tri Quad Midside Nodes Tet

Mesh Sizing
Target Element Size: 0,5
 Points Around Circle: 18
 Min Element Size Factor: 10, %
 Growth Factor: 50, %

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Quad Surface and Tet/Pyramid Solid Meshing Example

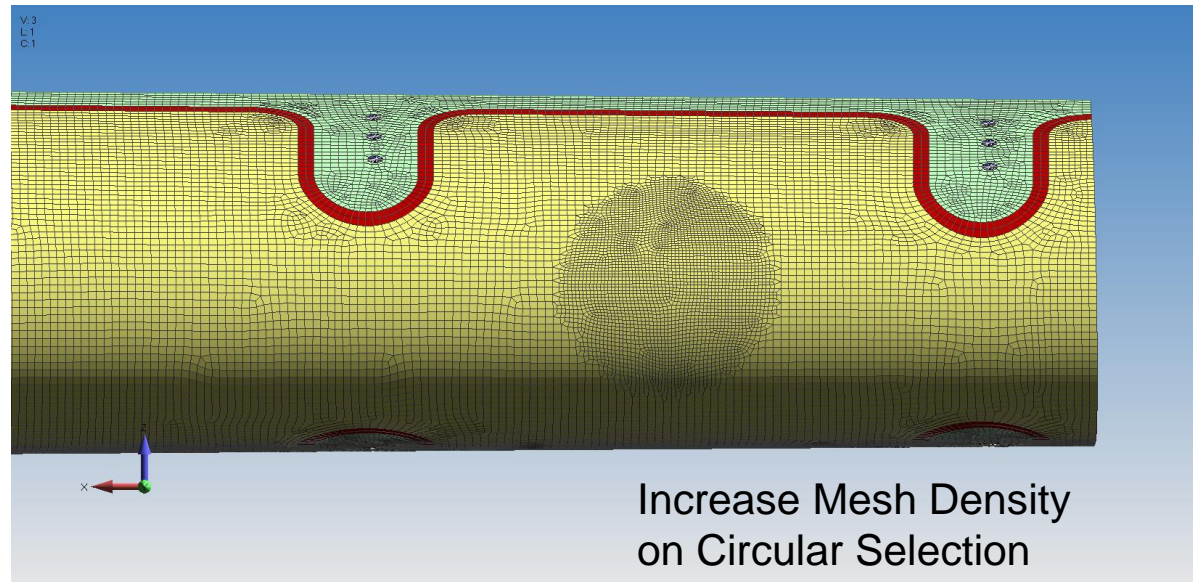
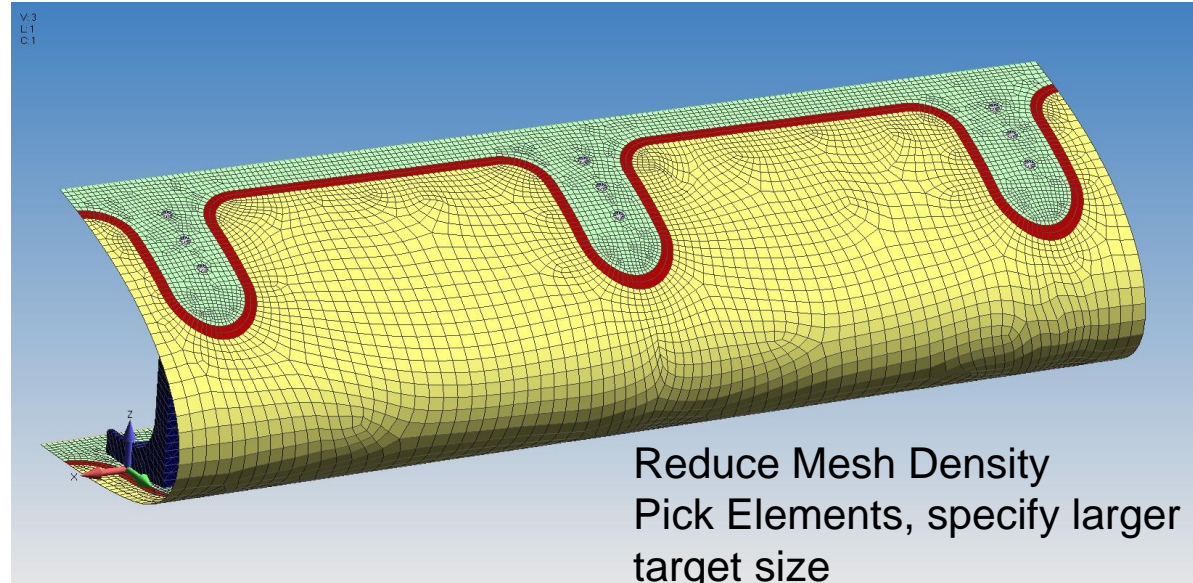


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Mesh on Mesh

New **Mesh, Mesh on Mesh** command offers the ability to:

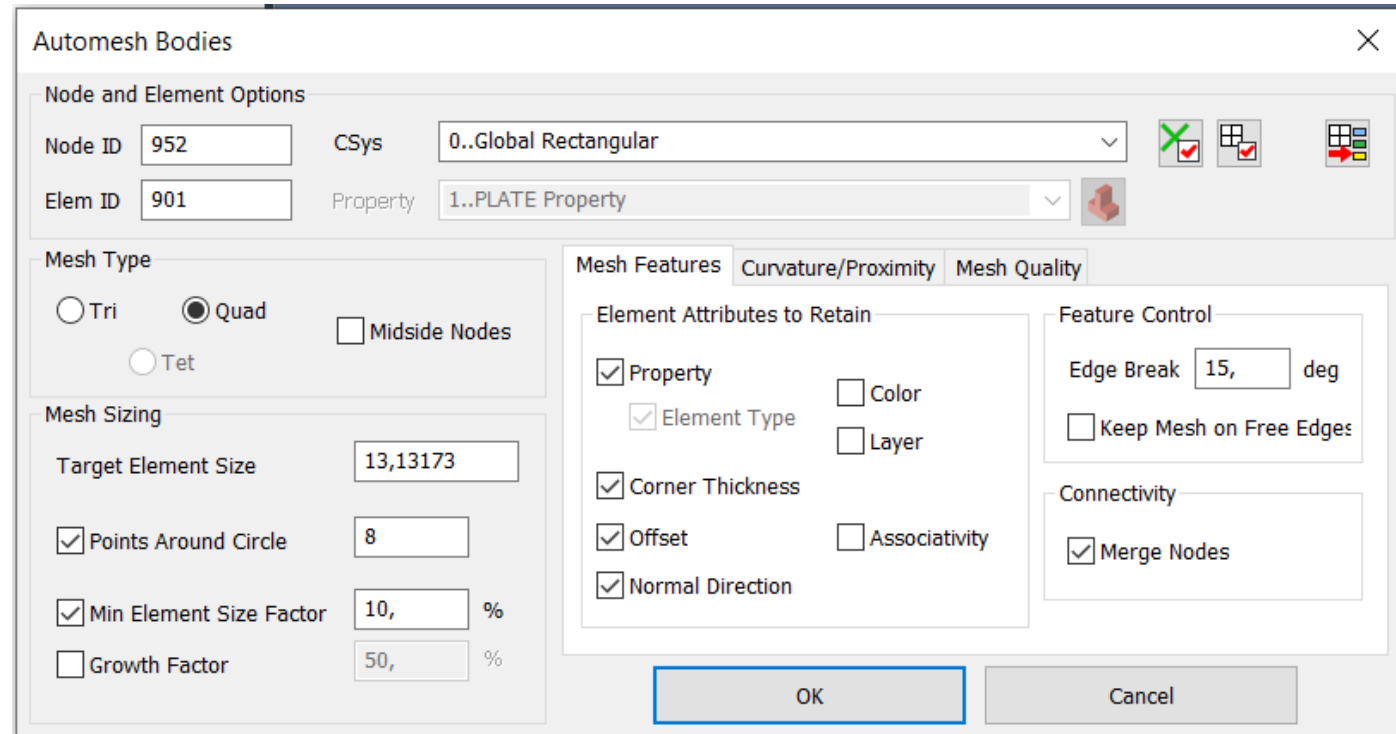
- **Convert** any triangulation generated from an existing mesh into a **high-quality triangle** or **quadrilateral-dominant** mesh
- **Specify** mesh sizing and surface curvature/proximity options
- **Retain** selected features of original mesh
- **Create elements** which attempt to satisfy user-defined element quality criteria



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Mesh, Mesh on Mesh...

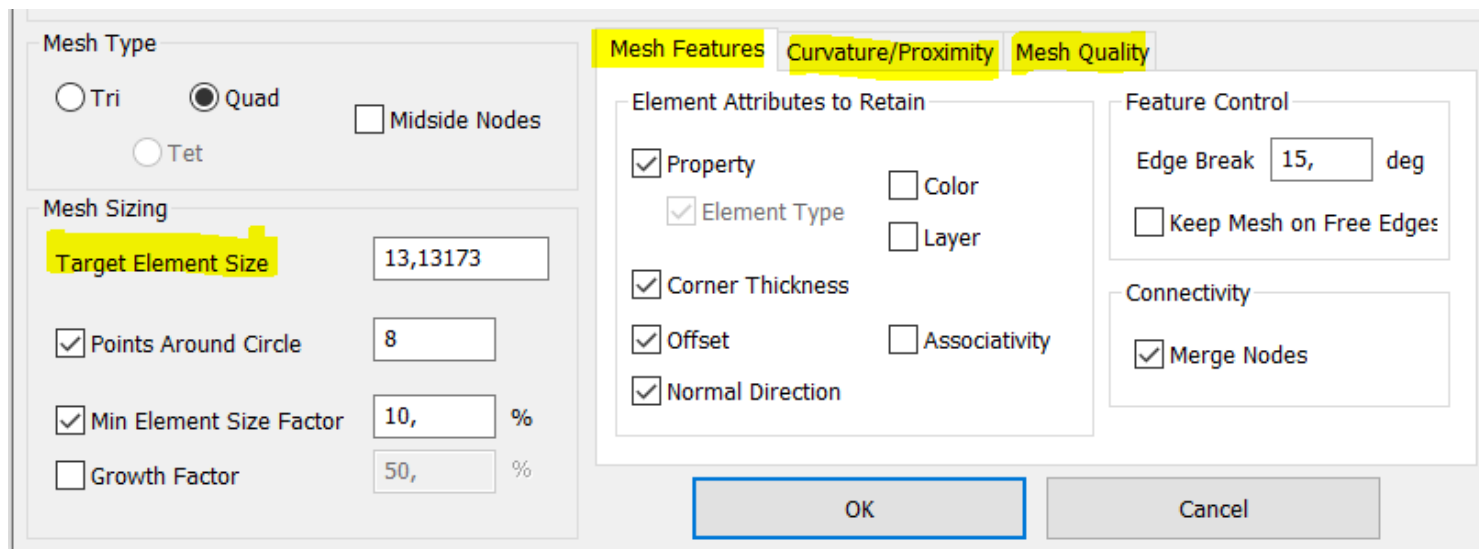
- Uses meshing methodologies as **Mesh, Bodies** command, only it uses **existing** triangular or quadrilateral elements as the starting point
- One other difference is this command **cannot** create **Tetrahedral** elements
- The elements can be **imported** or **built** directly inside of FEMAP
- Once the elements exist in FEMAP, they are selected using the standard entity selection dialog box



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Mesh, Mesh on Mesh...

- Once sections of elements have been selected, **Automesh Bodies** dialog box will be displayed
- **Target Element Size** will be computed to use for the selected elements based upon the average **edge length** of the selected **elements**
- This parameter is used in **conjunction** with the other parameters in the **Mesh Sizing** section, along with the settings on the **Mesh Features**, **Curvature/Proximity**, and **Mesh Quality** to create either a triangular/quadrilateral mesh which will replace an existing mesh



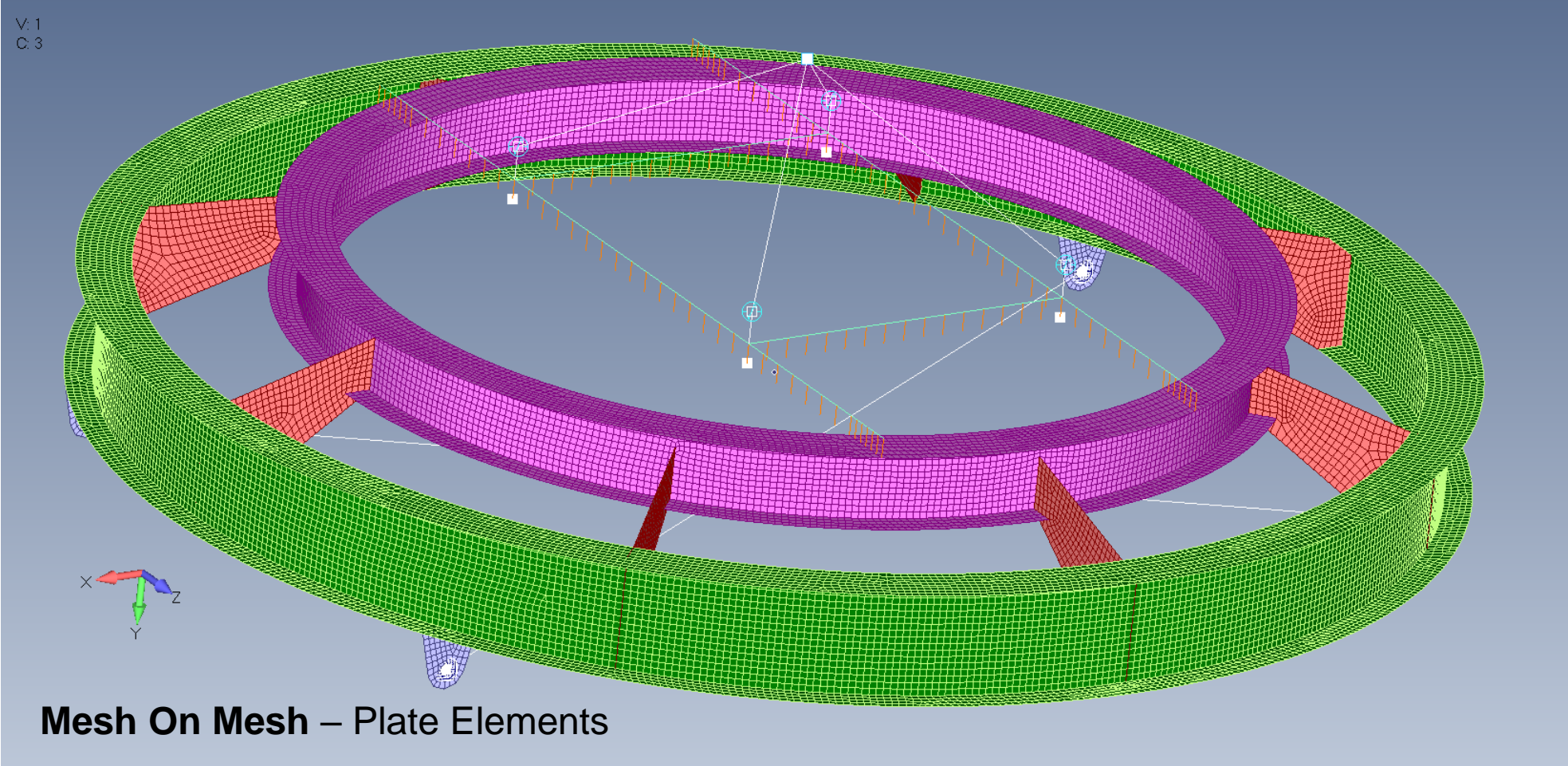
- **Mesh, Mesh on Mesh...** more details can be found in *Commands Manual, Chapter 5.1.5 Mesh, Mesh on Mesh...*

Home > Commands > 5. Meshing > 5.1 Meshing on Geometry > 5.1.5 Mesh, Mesh on Mesh...



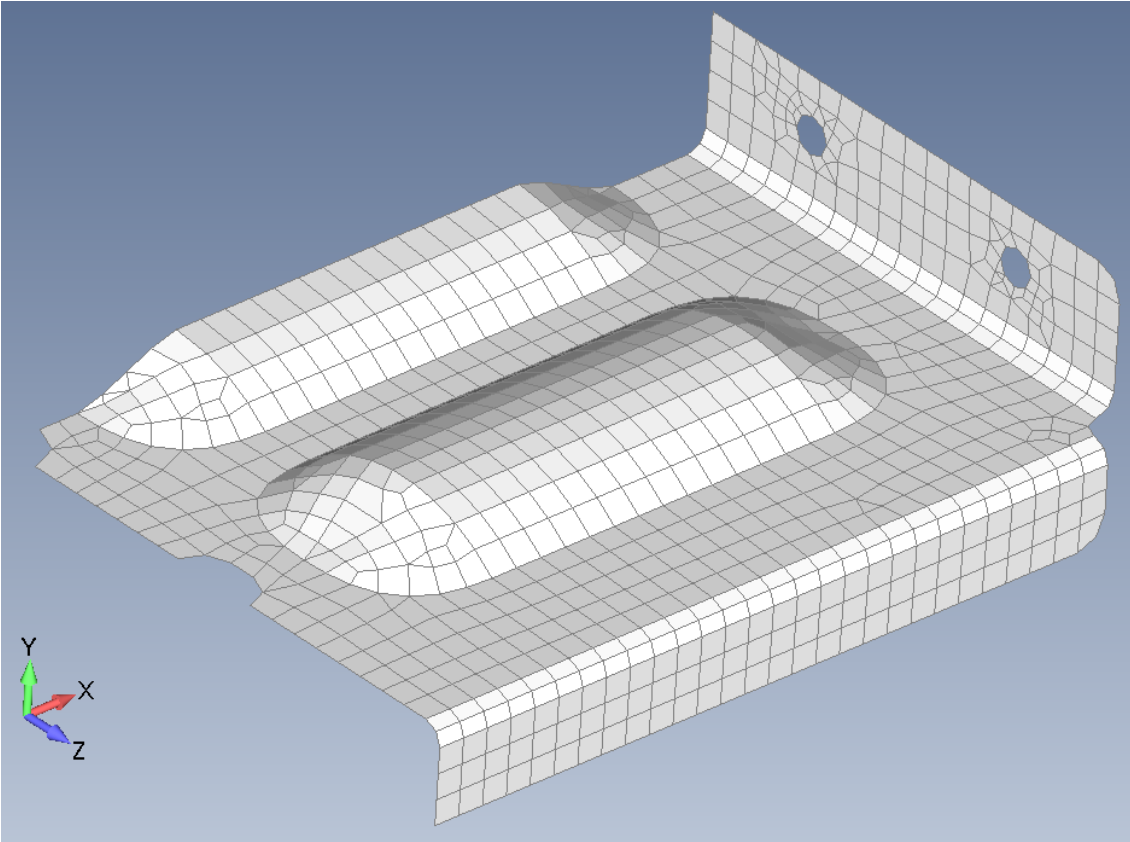
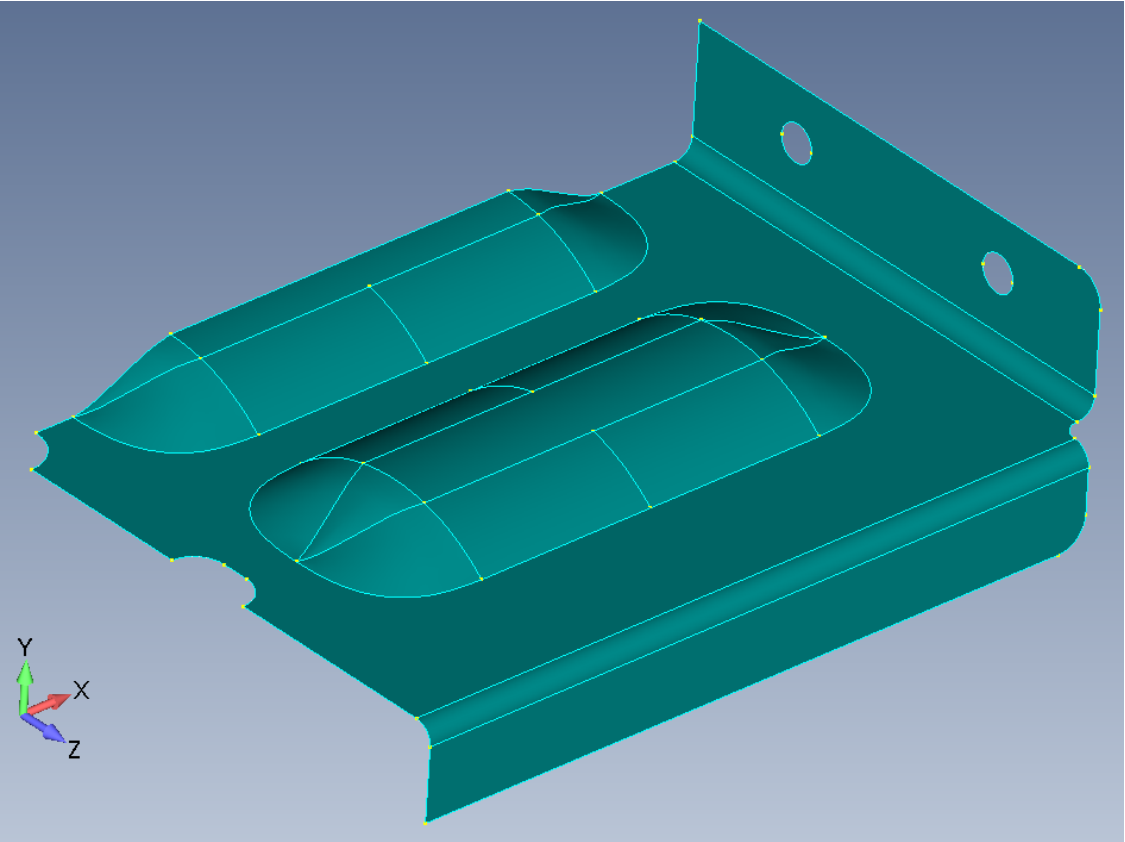
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Mesh on Mesh – Mesh Refinement



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Mesh on Mesh Example

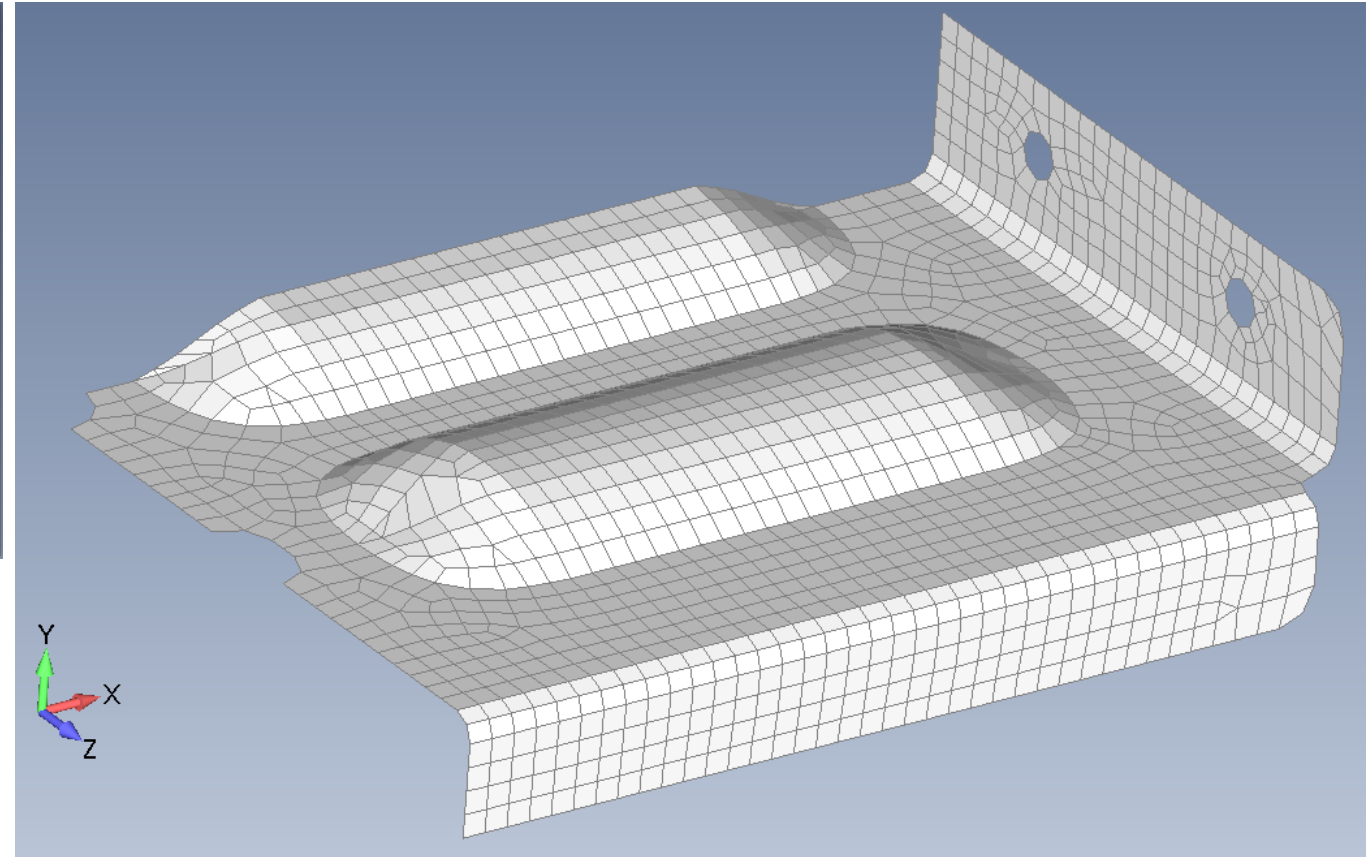
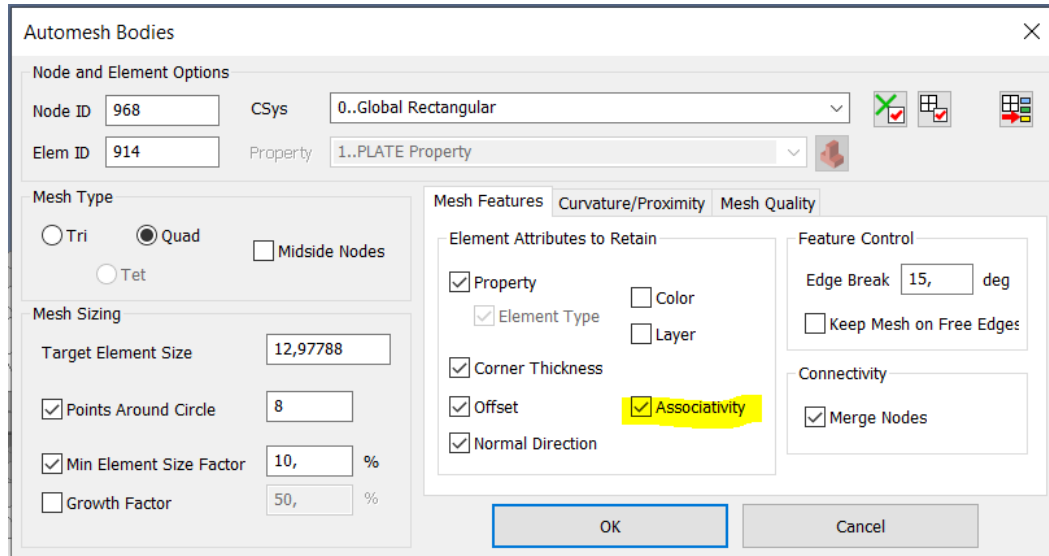


Initial Mesh using Mesh, Geometry, Surface...

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Mesh on Mesh Example

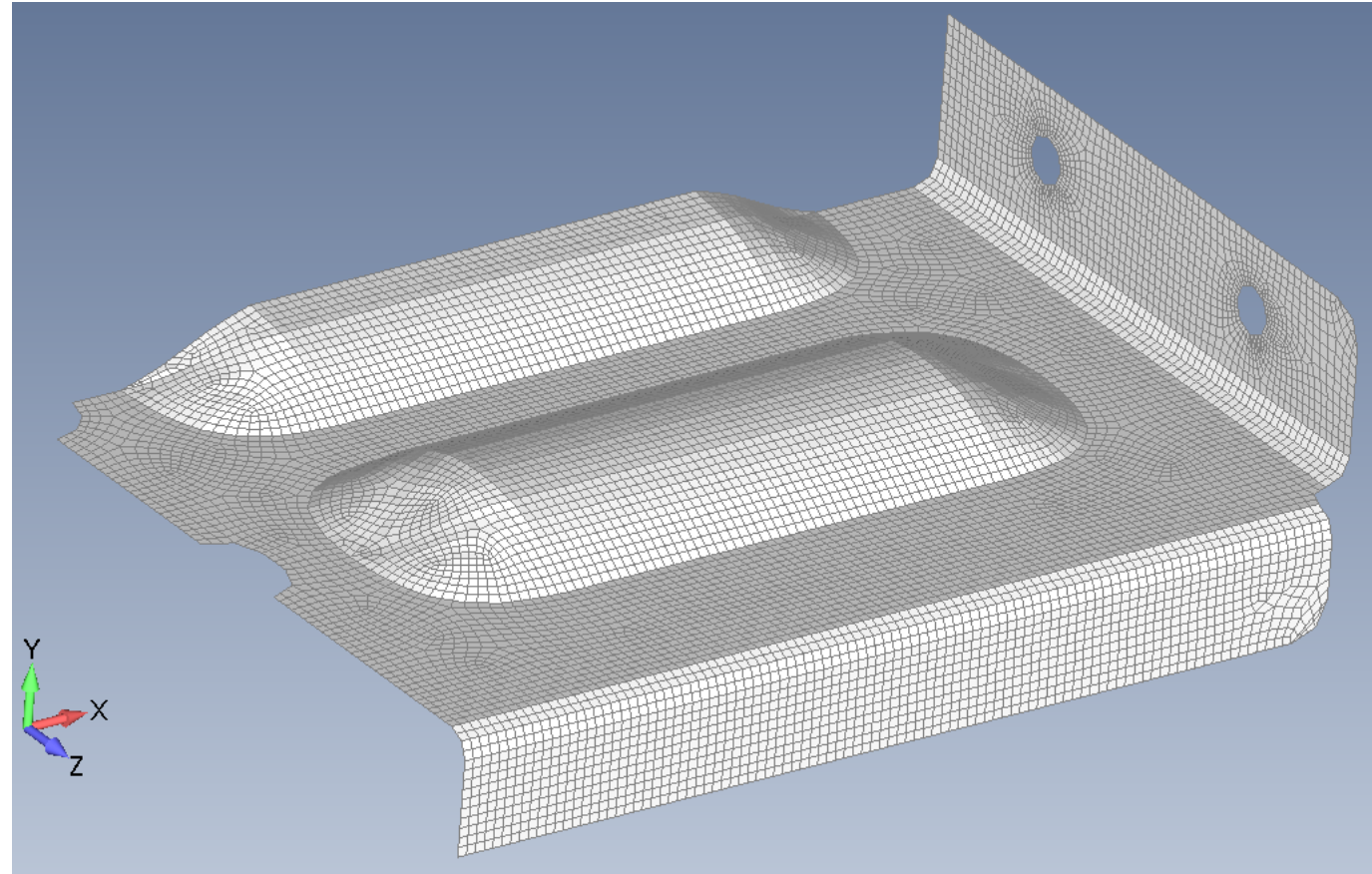
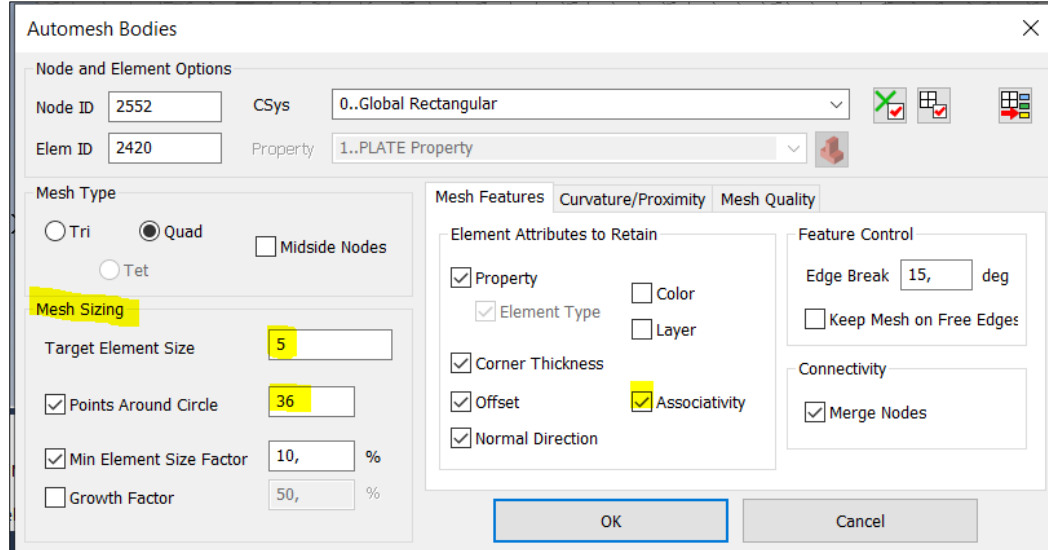
Mesh On Mesh – initial Target Element Size for whole model with **Associativity** to geometry



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Mesh on Mesh Example

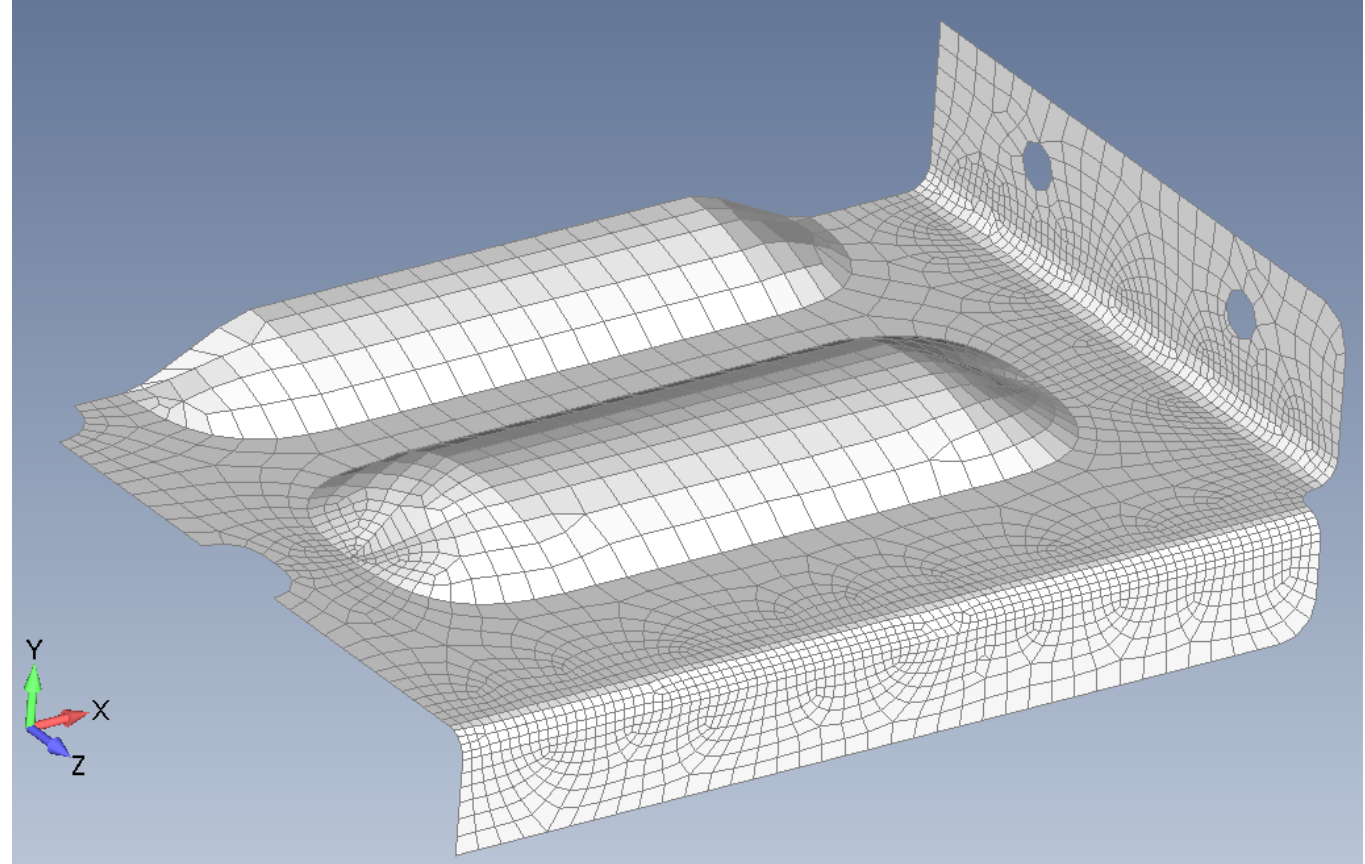
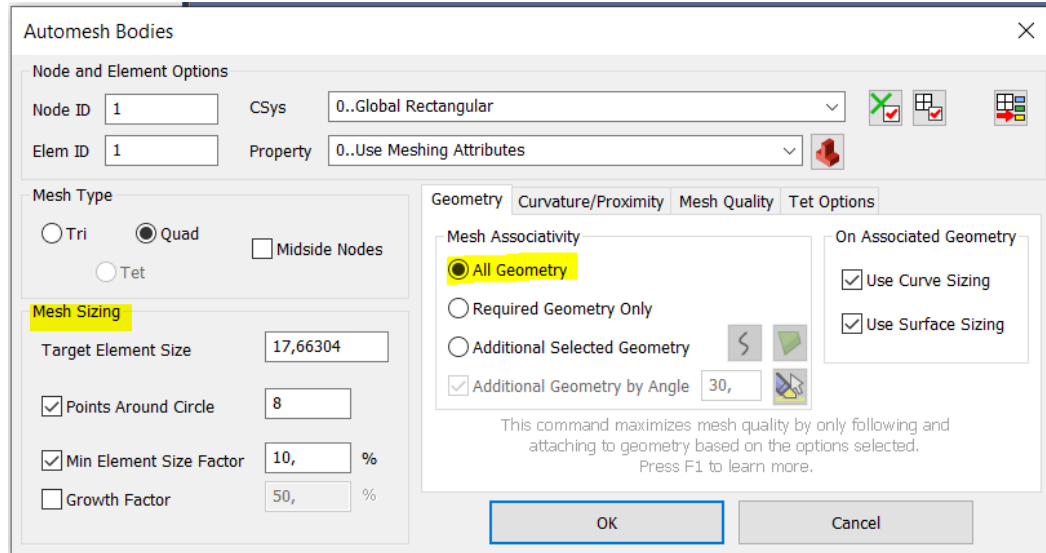
Mesh On Mesh – refined Mesh Sizing for whole model



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Mesh Bodies and Mesh on Mesh Example

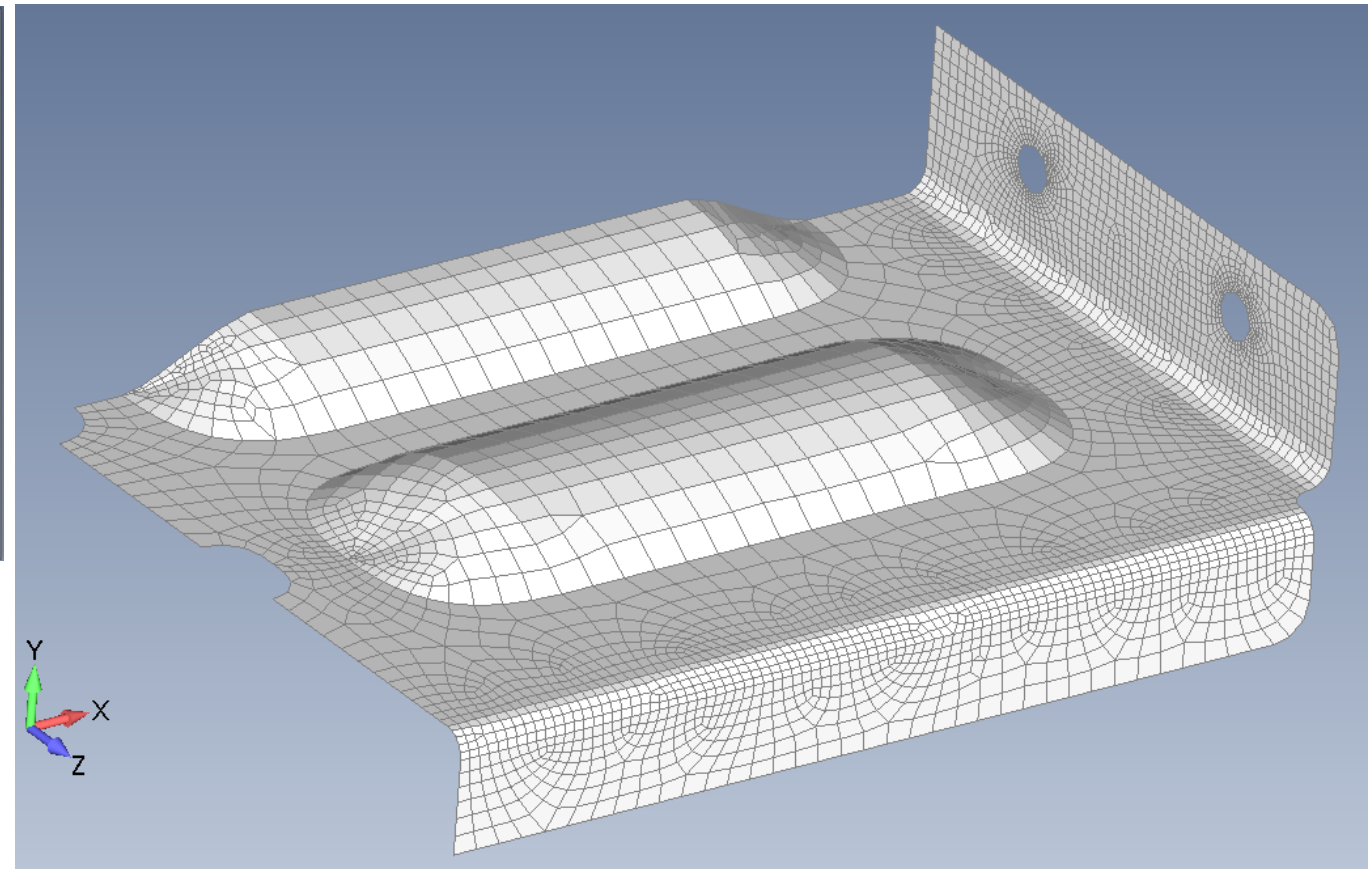
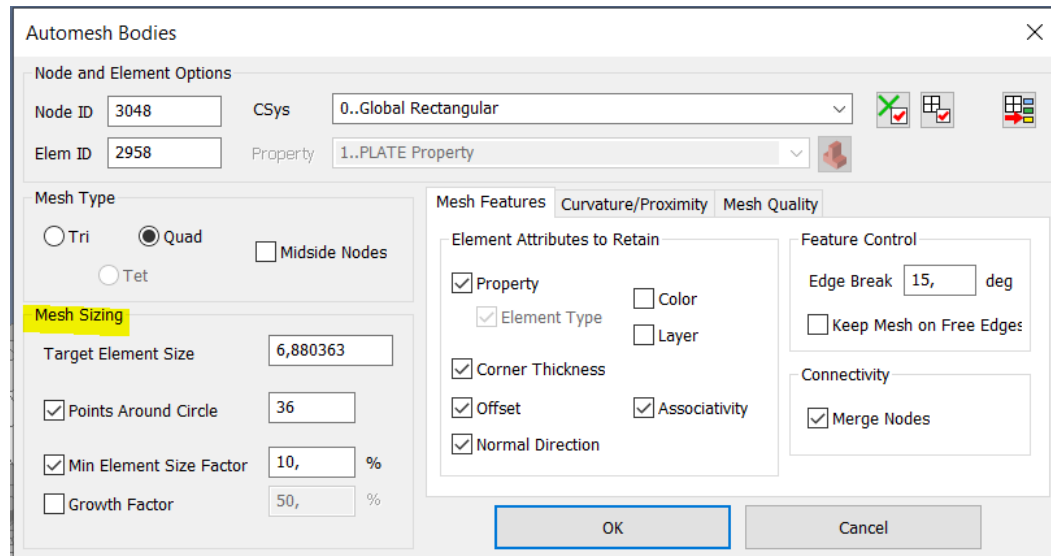
Mesh Bodies – initial Mesh Sizing for whole model



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Mesh Bodies and Mesh on Mesh Example

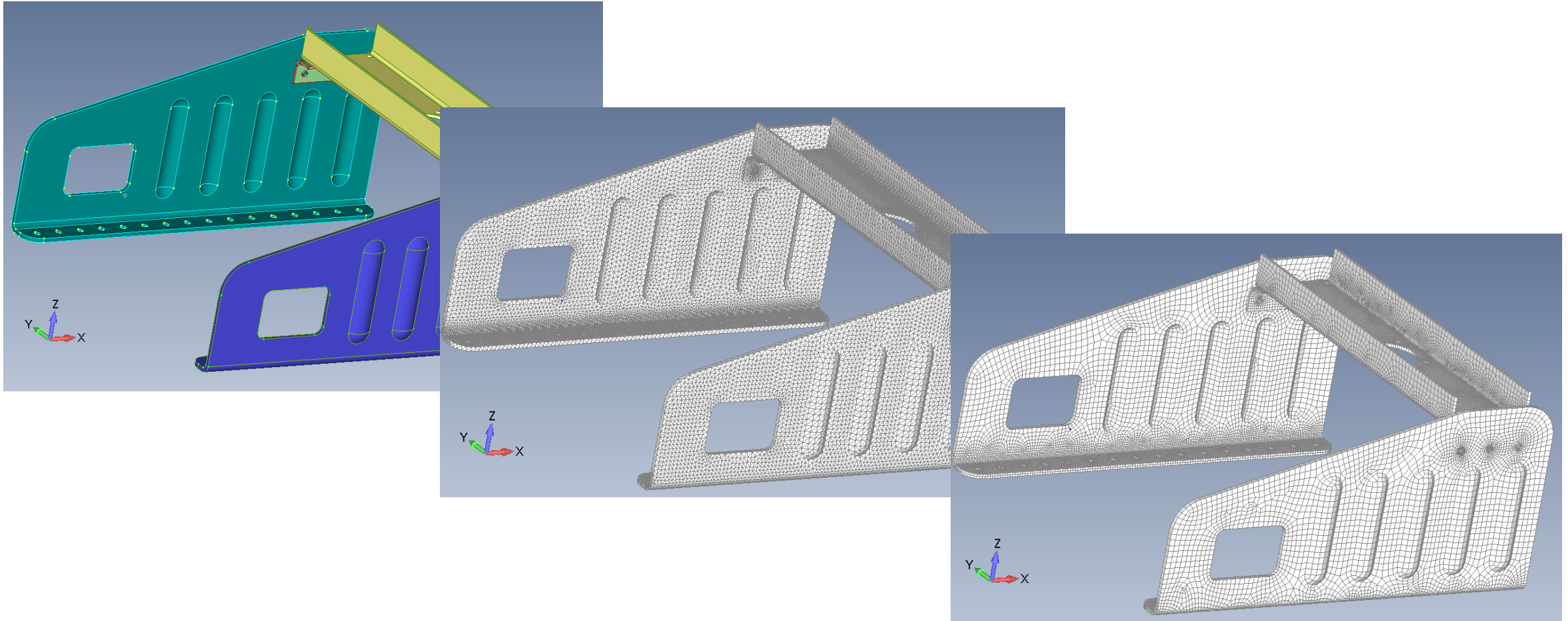
Mesh on Mesh – refined Mesh Sizing specified for **selected** sections



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Mesh Bodies Solid Assembly Example

Mesh Bodies – initial Mesh Sizing, Tetra and Tetra/Pyramid Solid Mesh





Simcenter Femap v.2021.2

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Thank you!